FOR FIVE DOLLARS

THE MORNING STAR

GOES ONE YEAR.

FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER

Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

**Port Almanac—Nov. 28.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 6.49 A M |
| Sun Sets | 4 46 P M |
| Day's Length | 9 h 57 m |
| High Water at Southport | 10.26 P M |
| High Water at Wilmington | 12.16 A M |

**The Weather.**

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 27.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 66°; 8 p. m., 56°; maximum, 72°; minimum, 56°; mean, 64°

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.01.

## OUTLINES.

Commissioner Wilson, of the U S Internal Revenue Bureau, notifies collectors that existing rules relative to appointments of deputy collectors must be complied with, until otherwise ordered. —— Within two months eight fine German cruisers, with 8 500 men, will be assembled in Chinese waters; hot work is expected; Russia assures a free hand to Germany. —— The German warship Gefion will enforce demands of Germany at Port-au-Prince, Hayti. —— Martin Thoro, on trial for the murder of Guidensuppe, publishes a statement that Mrs. Nick herself planned and committed the murder and compelled him to assist her in cutting up and disposing of the body. —— The report of a collision between British and French troops in West Africa is unfounded. —— A negro charged with rape, taken from jail at Starks, Fla., and hanged. —— An earthquake shock was felt yesterday afternoon at Ashland, Va. —— Theodore Durrant, convicted of the murder of Blanche Lamont, San Francisco, Cal., will be re-sentenced as soon as the pending legal controversy is settled. —— The beer-garden scenes in the lower house of the Austrian Reichsrath were continued yesterday; the Emperor, it is said, intends to demand the resignation of Badeni, and dissolve the Reichsrath. —— Consul General Lee says there are 1,607 American citizens in Cuba dependent upon charity. —— The Japanese Government demands $300 000 indemnity from Hawaii on account of the emigrant affair. President Dole offers $100,000 as compensation. —— Dispatches to the New York *World* from many leading members of the U. S. Senate indicate stormy times over Cuba as soon as Congress re-assembles. —— Three persons lost their lives in a fire at Jamestown, N. Y. —— Steamer Laurada, suspected of filibustering, has been released by the U. S. Government. —— A Missour farmer, bitten by a dog last September, died yesterday of hydrophobia. —— Differences between Nicaragua and Costa Rica which threatened to end in war, have been amicably settled. —— Great Britain is sending reinforcements to Africa, and altogether will soon have 250 officers and 4,000 men on the west coast. —— The Canadian Government refuses to consider the proposition from the United States to stop killing seals for a year beginning January 1st. —— The cotton trade crisis in England which it was hoped had passed, is again to the fore, operatives and employers being unable to agree. —— The Standard Oil Company is now virtually alone in the field for the German trade in petroleum. —— New York markets: Money on call was nominal at 2 per cent.; cotton steady—middling 5 13 16c; flour quiet but firm; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red $1.00@1.00¼ f. o. b. afloat; corn—spot easy; No. 2 34c f. o. b. afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine firm at 32½@33c

A Hartford woman preferred death to matrimony. This isn't much of a compliment to Connecticut men, but that is a sort of wooden State.

It is said that over one-half the reigning monarchs of Europe are afflicted with defective eyesight. Some of them see double very often.

Secretary Gage is very anxious for currency reform. Currency reform is all right, but the trouble is that the kind Secretary Gage wants isn't all right.

The town of Dornstetten, Germany, ought to be a good one to move to. There they manage so well that the people not only pay no taxes, but receive a bonus of $25 annually.

Only one out of seventy of the people in this country has yet got upon the pension list. This will never do. The pension fellows ought to hustle around more lively.

"One hundred and fourteen years ago to-day," remarks the New York *World*, "the British surrendered New York." That is, the British Government. The British financiers have a pretty tight grip on it yet.

Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, says "the farmers must be taught to think." Mr. Wilson does not seem to realize the peril his party would be in when the farmers got to thinking right.

A Philadelphia paper notes the fact that "a revolver in the hip pocket of a local citizen 'went off' while he was at dinner the other evening." And the people around him went off, too, until they recovered from the scare, caused by this impromptu hip pocket performance.


# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 59. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9.449


SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Twelve Months | $5.00 |
| Six " | 2.50 |
| Three " | 1.25 |
| Two " | 1.00 |
| One " | 50 |

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Prof. Falb, the Austrian astronomer, who got knocked out on his prediction of the end of the world, which didn't materialize, hasn't given it up but postponed the time until November 13, 1899, when the earth will collide with Temple's comet, and make things hot for us. But in the meantime the almanac makers are going right along with their work, and the political manipulators are making their plans and laying their wires as if nothing was going to happen.

A man arraigned in Bellefont, Pa., the other day for shooting at his wife, admitted the shooting, but denied that he wanted to kill her. He simply wanted to amputate her nose to keep other men from admiring her. As he didn't have a license to do an amputating business of that kind he went to the penitentiary for five years and four months, and now other men can admire his wife as much as they want to.

That Chicago man who has been appointed Minister to China is in trouble. He has only three places at his disposal and already has 2,000 applications and all the precincts haven't been heard from yet. By the time they are all in it is thought there will be 4,000. It may be incidentally remarked that this is an evidence of the great prosperity they are enjoying up there.

Mexico, as well as Florida, is taking advantage of the war in Cuba and gone to growing tobacco. The reports of the profits leave Florida away behind, and are somewhat ahead of grabbing for gold in the Klondike country. With a few crops from a little patch of ground a man might retire from business in a few years.

That Kansas City school teacher who couldn't stand the odor of "ingins" and sent some of her scholars home to have their breaths fumigated, didn't know the power of the onion in that burg. Next day all the scholars came thoroughly perfumed with onion odor, and she had to tug it out or throw up her job.

A Northern paper rises to remark that "Mr. Bynum is not dismayed" He hasn't the slightest idea of being dismayed while he draws the pay he does as a "sound money" missionary. He proposes to keep up the organization and the fight, for if the organization went up he would soon be out of a job.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE—Faust.
STAR—Printer wanted.
D. O'CONNOR—For rent.
HAMME—Latest style hats.
HALL & PEARSALL—Salt.
S. W. SANDERS—Look here.
SEACOAST ROAD—Schedule.
A. PREMPERT—Barber shop.
J. A. SPRINGER & CO.—Coal.
W. B. COOPER—Holiday good.
WANTED—Position as organist.
A. D. BROWN—A few specialties.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN—Cigars.
J. H. REHDER & CO.—Novelties.
WIL. STP WORKS—Job printing.
KING GROCERY CO—Seasonable.
MERCER & EVANS—Stop and look.
MASONIC—Meeting Concord Chapter.
WIL BREW'G ASSO'N—Ice 40c per 100.
J. W. MURCHISON—War with Turkey.
W. E. WORTH & CO—Thanks'g dinner.
C. W. POLVOGT CO—Holiday goods.
CRONLY & MORRIS—Real estate at auction.
WIL. SAVINGS & TRUST CO.—Now is the time.

### NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

ATLANTIC TEA CO.—Special.
HOUSEHOLD goods at private sale.
P. H. HAYDEN—Dog carts, harness.
H. J. BIERMAN—To country merchants

**Wreckage Supposed to be From the Vasa.**

A press dispatch from Boston says: "Capt. Robinson, of steamer *George W. Clyde*, which arrived at this port today, reports last Sunday, between Cape Romaine and Frying Pan Lightship, passed a quantity of wreckage, consisting of a vessel's jibboom and what appeared to be a white painted booby hatch; also passed through about 150 barrels, which apparently contained rosin; no distinguishing marks visible."

The wreckage was probably from Norwegian barque *Vasa*, previously reported as sunk from a collision with the schooner *Charles H. Sprague*.

**One Cent a Word.**

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always advance.

## LOCAL DOTS.

**Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.**

— See fourth page for other new advertisements.

— A first-class organist advertises in this morning's issue for a position.

— The city public schools resume work to-morrow, after suspension since Wednesday.

— The United States District Court will reassemble in this city to-morrow at noon.

— The C. F. & Y. V. train will leave at 9 o'clock this morning, instead of 8 as formerly.

— The Liberty excursionists after a day and night spent in the city left late yesterday afternoon for their homes.

— Register of Deeds Norwood during the last week issued marriage licenses to two white and four colored couples.

— Cotton on this market yesterday was quoted firm at 5⅝. The same grade was quoted in Savannah at 5⅛, and in Charleston at 5 8 16.

— Mr. R. M. Wescott had the misfortune on yesterday to lose his fine cream colored mare. He prized her very highly and regrets her death exceedingly.

— The British steamship *Kilvingrove*, Capt, Ryder, arrived in port yesterday from Hamburg, with a cargo of 8,000 tons of Kainit for Heide & Co., agents.

— The regular monthly meeting of the Daughters of the Confederacy in December will be held on Friday, the 18th instant, instead of Saturday, the 19th inst.

— Note in the advertisement of special convocation Concord Chapter No. 1 R. A. M., that the meeting is called for Tuesday evening instead of Monday evening, as usual.

— The Conference year of the Methodist Church ends to day, and the ministers of the four churches of that faith in this city will conclude their labors for the year to-night.

— The Hon. Demosthenes Lycurgus Russell, who unquestionably *fills* the gubernatorial chair of North Carolina, would probably make a political assignment now if he were not already a dead failure.

— Considerable work has been done recently on Sixth street between Chesnut and Mulberry in the way of patching and levelling up the sidewalks. Dock between Front and Second has also been improved a good deal by Capt. L. H. Bryant and his force.

### BY RIVER AND RAIL.

**Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.**

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—886 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 63 bbls rosin, 19 bbls tar, 28 casks spirits turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—3,015 bales cotton, 88 casks spirits turpentine, 248 bbls rosin, 119 bbls tar, 51 casks spirits turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—373 bales cotton, 73 casks spirits turpentine, 296 bbls rosin, 72 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—158 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 108 bbls rosin, 84 bbls tar, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.—239 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—9 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 24 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,620 bales; spirits turpentine, 207 casks; rosin, 784 bbls; tar, 281 bbls; crude turpentine, 123 bbls.

**The City Markets Yesterday.**

Meats, poultry, fish and oysters are getting to be the main articles of food on the city markets now. Vegetables are not to be had in any great quantity or variety.

Some of the main varieties of vegetables were lettuce, 5c per head; spinach, 30c per peck; radishes, 5c per bunch; celery, 35c per bunch; collards, 5c per head; turnips, 5c per bunch; butter beans, 10 to 12½c per quart.

Eggs were slightly lower than they were for Thanksgiving purchasers, and sold as low as 20c per dozen.

A few fine mallard and black ducks were on sale at 75c per pair.

Fish and oysters sold at the usual prices.

Choice venison could be bought at 15c per pound.

**Lewis Morrison in Faust.**

Mr. Lewis Morrison, the eminent actor, who appears at the Opera House tomorrow evening, has come to be the accepted ideal of *Mephisto* in Goethe's grand story of "Faust," which he has been presenting for the past decade. For the current season an entire new dressing as to its scenic environment has been given the story. Every scene of the seven which comprise the play is entirely new both in texture and design and offers a series of the most elaborate and finished of stage pictures. Every garb and gown is also bright, new and fresh, and Faust may be said to have been entirely rehabilitated this season.

Seats now on sale at Gerken's. No increase in prices.

**Weekly Record of Births and Deaths.**

The records in the office of Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, show that during the past week there were eight deaths, three whites and five colored, and three births, all white. Deaths during the past week were caused by the following diseases, viz: Heart disease, one; congestive chills, one; euremia, one; consumption, one; inflammation of the brain, one; pneumonia, one; unknown, two.

## PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT.

**Preparations for the New System—Firemen Appointed and Assigned to Duty at the Different Engine and Truck Houses.**

The work of remodelling the different engine houses in the city in order that they will be suitable for service in Wilmington's paid fire department, which will be instituted next Wednesday, was commenced yesterday under the personal supervision and direction of Mr. H. P. Haney, one of the assistant chiefs of the Atlanta fire department, who arrived Friday afternoon (as told in the STAR). The firemen on duty at the different engine houses will sleep in the second story of the buildings, and when an alarm sounds, if they should happen to be in the sleeping apartments at the time, they will have to slide down a brass rod to the ground floor of the building. Two apertures, large enough to permit the passage of a man, and through which the brass rods, one to each aperture, will run, were cut in the flooring of the sleeping apartments at the engine houses yesterday. The rods have been ordered from New York and are expected to arrive Tuesday by steamer, and when put in place ready for service, will save the firemen the loss of much time, and will be less dangerous as a means of descent than a flight of stairs.

The Atlantic engine, stationed corner Fourth and Princess streets; the Wilmington Hook and Ladder truck, stationed at Dock street, between Third and Fourth, the Cape Fear engine, stationed corner Sixth and Castle streets, and the Phœnix Hose Reel stationed on Fourth street near Campbell, will be the apparatus continually on duty, while the Adrian engine, stationed on Fourth street, near Dock, will be reserved. The chemical engine, which will be ordered shortly, will take the place of the Adrian engine, which engine, together with the truck of the Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Company, will be kept in a building erected for that purpose in the rear of the house the Adrian engine now occupies.

The firemen who will do service in the new department have been carefully selected and are as follows, viz:

Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company—W. P. Monroe, foreman; Joe Hewett, driver; and A. Canady, Wm. Hancammon, H. Maultsby, Henry Kidd and H. L. Peterson, laddermen.

Atlantic Engine Company—B. R. Russell, foreman and engineer; Lewis Frimouth, assistant; and John Mohr, Wm. Runge, T. M. Trent and E. C. Hennont, hosemen; Steve Jones, (colored) reel driver, and David Moore (colored) engine driver.

Adrian Engine Company—F. N. Fick, foreman and engineer; Calvin Bell, (colored) reel driver, and George Murray, (colored) engine driver.

Cape Fear Engine Company (colored)—Nick McDuffie, engineer and foreman; George McGarery, assistant; Alex Rone, reel driver; James Ivey, engine driver, and Godfrey Willis, David Spicer and George Mallett, hosemen.

Phœnix Hose Reel Company (colored)—Robert Johnson, foreman and reel driver, and Lewis McMilian, E Gauze, Frank Gauze, Henry Hicks and Chas. H. Gauze, hoseman.

During the absence of Chief Schnibben, after the department is instituted, Foreman W. P. Monroe, of the Hook and Ladder Company, will assume his duties.

### IN HONOR OF THE CARDINAL.

**Delightful Reception Given at Mr. Warren G. Elliott's Sound Residence in Honor of the Distinguished Visitor.**

A delightful reception was given in honor of His Eminence, Cardinal Gibbons, yesterday between 3 and 5 p. m. at the residence of Mr. Warren G. Elliott on Wrightsville Sound. Refreshments were served and a programme of music observed that was very enjoyable. The Cardinal greeted with great cordiality his former friends. Among those present were Fathers Fletcher, Whelan, Dennen and Griffin, Col. Alexander Hamilton and wife, of Petersburg, Va.; Mrs. Huff, of Norfolk, who is a sister of Mrs. Elliott; Capt. John F. Divine, Col. F. W. Kerchner, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. D. Bellamy, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Watters, Mr. and Mrs. J. R Kenly, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Risch, Mr. and Mrs. Horace M. Emerson, Mr. T. M. Emerson and son, Neil Emerson, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. McQueen, Col. and Mrs. John Wilder Atkinson, Col. and Mrs. E S. Latimer, Col. and Mrs. T. W. Strange, Dr. and Mrs. Robert Strange, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Kidder, Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Sweet, Mrs. Gabriel Holmes, Mrs. Adam Empie, Col. T. C. McIlhenny, Mr. J. Alves Walker, Mr. James F. Post, Jr., Mr. R. D. Cronly, Misses Strange, Cumming, Bolles, Draper, Kenan and Potter.

His Eminence arrived in the city last evening, and is the guest of Col. F. W. Kerchner, at whose residence an informal reception will be given from 4 till 5 30 o'clock this afternoon.

Cardinal Gibbons will preach at St. Thomas' Church this morning at 10.30 o'clock.

**Magistrates' Courts.**

Justice McGowan disposed of two cases yesterday.

Jerry Reaves, colored, charged with larceny, was adjudged not guilty and discharged.

Tillie Taylor, colored, submitted to a charge of disorderly conduct and was let off upon payment of costs.

Before Justice A. J. Hewlett, James McPherson, colored, was arraigned, charged with assault and battery, and was adjudged guilty, but judgment was suspended on payment of costs.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

## MURDER AND LYNCHING.

**CONFIRMATION OF THE STORY PUBLISHED IN THE STAR YESTERDAY.**

**The Murdered Man Was a Citizen of Columbus County—The Crime Committed in South Carolina — Arrest of the Murderer — Lynching Reported.**

Additional information was received yesterday about the murder described in the STAR yesterday. The murdered man was named Stephens, was about twenty-five years of age and unmarried.

The exact date of the murder could not be ascertained with certainty, but the other details as given in this article are free from error.

Mr. Stephens lived with his father near Pireway Ferry, Columbus county, and on the day of the murder had gone in an ox cart to Windy Hill Beach, South Carolina, to carry provisions to his father, who was engaged in fishing there. Nathan Willis, colored, aged about 33 years, was also fishing near by.

When the younger Stephens left to return home his father sent by him a sum of money for the use of the family. Four or five days afterward the father went home, and was dismayed to find that his son had not been seen. The mother had felt no uneasiness because she supposed that her son had decided to remain with his father at the fishery.

A search was at once instituted. Near Wampee, S. C, about three miles from Windy Hill Beach, blood was found in the road. At the same spot there were signs of a cart or buggy being turned into the woods. The trail was followed, and about one hundred yards from the road, resting on pine bough, was found the dead body of the missing man. His hat, shoes and coat were gone and the back of his head was completely laid open by a load of duck shot. All the money had been taken from his pockets.

Suspicion at once rested on Willis. A warrant for his arrest was placed in the hands of a posse of men, headed by J. B. Morse, of Star Buff, S. C., and M. T. Vereen, of Little River, S. C. It was learned that Willis had borrowed a gun, and returned it a few hours afterward. People at Little River, S. C., Calabash and Shallotte, places on the road leading from Wampee to Town Creek, where Willis lived, reported to the officers that they had seen Willis pass in an ox cart answering exactly to the description of the one in which young Stephens was seen last. Stephens' dog was tied to the cart. Willis was found at his home wearing the garments that he had taken from the dead man's body, and money amounting to twenty-five dollars was also found on his person. There were seven or eight shot holes in the crown of the hat.

Willis was arrested on Thanksgiving Day, and there were threats of lynching, but they were not carried into execution, and the prisoner was lodged in jail at Conway, the county seat of Horry.

The above information was obtained from a reputable citizen living near Town Creek, who was in this city yesterday.

**THE MURDERER LYNCHED**

Last night a special dispatch was received by the STAR from Southport, as follows:

SOUTHPORT, Nov. 27.—Thursday afternoon the negro Willis was carried through Little River on the way to Conway jail. That night a mob was raised by farmers in the country near the Waccamaw river and the negro was taken from the sheriff by the angry mob. He was carried off into the woods and chained between two pine trees. Lightwood was then piled around him, and he was burned to death, thus suffering an awful fate to pay the penalty for his terrible crime.

### POLICE OFFICER ARRESTED.

**Charged With Assault in Making An Arrest Without Warrant.**

Policeman W. D. George was arrested yesterday morning on a warrant sworn out before Justice Fowler, and returnable before Justice McGowan, charging the officer with assaulting "Clucky" Sampson, colored. Justice McGowan set to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock as the time of trial, and Policeman George was recognized for his appearance at the time appointed for the trial of the case.

Yesterday afternoon a week ago, policeman George was tried in Justice Fowler's court on the charge of assaulting "Chucky" Sampson with a deadly weapon, by firing a pistol at him (as told in the STAR). Justice Fowler bound the defendant over to the next term of the Criminal Court, whereupon policeman George, only a second or two after court had adjourned, arrested Sampson, and placed him in the guard house on the charge of being one of the parties who assaulted a countryman several weeks ago. It is alleged that when policeman George arrested Sampson he committed an assault as he had no right to make the arrest, the main reason being that he had no warrant in his possession at that time demanding Sampson's arrest, or at least he did not serve a warrant of any kind upon Sampson when he made the arrest.

**At the Opera House.**

The farewell performance of the Arnold-Welles Players—the "Shadows of a Crime"—was presented last night to a very good audience. The piece, as claimed by the management, is very strong and each one in the cast filled the roles assigned them admirably, and clearly demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that they had a perfect right, as far as merit and ability are concerned, to be members of this company of excellent players. With Mr. Arnold at the head and Miss Esprey his leading lady, the combination is hard to beat.

The specialties introduced were good, and, as on previous nights, each and every one was compelled to respond to encores.

— Governor Russell is in the city.

## CITY'S ARTESIAN WELL.

**Committee Recommend Abandonment of Project, the Water Works Company Offering to Establish Free Drinking Fountains For Man and Beast.**

Mr. D. L. Gore, Alderman B. F. Keith, and Messrs. H. C. McQueen and C. W. Yates, members of the Board of Audit and Finance, the committee appointed to investigate into the advisability of the city having an artesian well drilled, and to report on the same to the Board of Audit and Finance, met last night about 9 o'clock at the City Hall and remained in session an hour and half.

Mr. D. L. Gore, on motion, was made the presiding officer of the meeting. In attendance upon the meeting were Messrs. John F. Divine, Geo. W. Kidder and W. F. Robertson, of the Clarendon Water Works Company, which company offered to hasten the drilling of the artesian well now being bored at the company's station at Hilton, and to furnish the city free of expense six fountains, to supply beasts with water, and twelve faucets from whence citizens can secure pure artesian well water free; the six fountains and twelve faucets to be placed anywhere in the city designated by the authorities.

In view of the generous offer made by the Clarendon Water Works Company, the committee unanimously resolved to recommend to the Board of Audit and Finance that there was no necessity for the city to go to the expense of having an artesian well bored.

The meeting then adjourned.

**Death of Mr. A. W. Rivenbark's Mother.**

Mr. A. W. Rivenbark received a telegram yesterday afternoon announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. W. T. Rivenbark. She passed away at her home in Magnolia at 4 p. m. yesterday, after a brief illness. She was stricken with paralysis about a week ago and has been sinking since. Besides Mr. A. W. Rivenbark, there are surviving the deceased her husband, a son, Mr. G. W. Rivenbark, and a daughter, Mrs. W. H. Croom, living in Magnolia. Mrs. Rivenbark was about 65 years of age.

Mr. Rivenbark will leave for Magnolia to-day to attend the funeral, which will take place probably this afternoon or to-morrow.

**A Countryman Robbed.**

Friday afternoon a countryman, hailing from Sampson county, arrived in the city on the excursion on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad from Liberty. At night he proceeded to take in the town, and while on his sight-seeing tour was robbed of about $180 in money, but owing to the fact that he was intoxicated, did not discover his loss until yesterday morning. The countryman then at once made the theft known, and later, on a warrant from Justice McGowan's Court, a white man, who had been in company with the countryman for some time Friday night, was arrested, but was clearly vindicated of the crime.

**Special Services at Brooklyn Baptist Church**

A series of meetings will begin in Brooklyn Baptist Church this morning at 11 o'clock. The services every night will commence at 7.30 sharp. The pastor, Rev. James W. Kramer, will be assisted by Rev. Weston Bruner, D. D., pastor of Lee Street Baptist Church, Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Bruner is one of the ablest ministers in the South, and has unusual oratorical powers. He has met with marked success as pastor of one of the most important Baptist churches in the country. All are invited to come and hear him. Gospel hymns, 5 to 6, will be used.

**The Christian Association.**

The Christian Association of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church will celebrate its ninth anniversary on Tuesday evening, November 30th, at 8 p. m., in the Lutheran Hall, corner Sixth and Princess streets. An elaborate programme has been prepared, consisting of addresses, recitations, essays and music, vocal and instrumental. Some of the best talent of our city will take part. The friends of the Association and the public are cordially invited to be present. There will be no charge for admission.

**Dr. Blue Mountain Joe.**

Dr. Blue Mountain Joe closed the first week of his stay in this city last night. The performances given in the large canvas during the past week have been most satisfactory, and the audiences, which grow larger at every performance, have been well pleased beyond a doubt. One of the greatest features of the show is Clayton, the strong man, who performs wonderful feats of strength, and novel ones, too. Dr. Blue Mountain intends to remain in the city three more weeks, and possibly longer.

**Holiday Germans.**

During the week following Christmas the three german clubs of this city will make merry, and there will be dances galore. These holiday germans will be inaugurated by the L'Arioso German Club on the first Tuesday evening after Christmas; followed the next evening by L'Agile Cotillon Club, and concluded on Thursday night by L'Etoile Cotillon Club. Haywood's superb orchestra of Raleigh has been engaged to furnish the music for all three of the germans.

**A Rush for Reserved Seats.**

Several parties sat up all Friday night in front of Gerken's store, in order to be the first to obtain reserve seats for the performance of Mr. Morrison to-morrow night at the Opera House. As early as 2 o'clock yesterday morning people commenced to arrive at Gerken's and take up the stand and await for the opening of the sale of seats, which was commenced promptly at 7 o'clock, and an hour afterwards over two hundred tickets had been sold.

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

**Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.**

— The STAR regrets to learn of the sickness of Sergeant of Police R. F. Gore.

— Mr. Nell Emerson returned to Oxford yesterday.

— Mr. J. W. S. Robinson, of Delta, was here yesterday.

— Mr. S. D. Bradford, of Southport, was here yesterday.

— The STAR regrets to report the sickness of Col. Jno L. Cantwell.

— Mr. A. W. McLean, of Lumberton, was registered here yesterday.

— Judge B. B. Winborne, of Murfreesboro, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. P. G. Alston, of Bennettsville, was one of yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Mr. B. S. Sheppard, of Garland, was in the city yesterday making business calls.

— Mr. J. L. Tyndall, of Chance, Sampson county, was among yesterday's visitors in the city.

— Mr. George A. Burns and son, of Fayetteville, were among last evening's arrivals in the city.

— Mrs. M. H. Cleveland, of Greenville, S. C., is visiting her niece Mrs. J. W. Norwood, on Market street.

—W. H. Cooper, Esq., of Nashville, Tenn., arrived in the city yesterday to spend some time with his brothers Messrs. W. B and L. J. Cooper.

### THE LATE MR. D. G. WORTH.

**Letter from Mr. Walker Meares to President Chadbourn of the Chamber of Commerce.**

POLLOCKSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 24.

*Mr. Jas. H Chadbourn, Jr., President of the Chamber of Commerce, Wilmington, N. C.*

DEAR SIR: Your kind invitation to be with you on the 23d was forwarded to me to day.

Nothing but a sense of duty to the interest of my employers, I assure you, prevented my being present to join with my townsmen in paying tribute to the virtues of my classmate and friend of nearly half a century. I awaited no invitation, for I knew that I should have been welcome by your body. Our friend, the community's friend, was the same consistent man that developed this characteristic in his youth—always reliable, modest and consistent he went to work in 1849 as a student with the determination of succeeding, and by his stern integrity and firmness of character impressed himself upon all with whom he came in contact. While walking steadfastly in the paths of law and order, yet no man dared to utter speech in his presence that a brave man should resent. In all these years (forty-nine of them) I never heard a whisper even that should disturb the most sensitive. I think that with him everything was relegated, so to speak, to a sense of duty. He was a just man, and I believe could not, intentionally, do wrong to his neighbor. I shall feel his loss greatly, for many associations, (as I take a retrospect) of a very pleasant character, arise. I remember at a gathering of my classmates some months ago, how cheerful he was around the hospital board of one of our leading citizens. While then a great sufferer, yet I could see in his countenance that contentment, that beaming happiness that could only arise from a perfect faith (for he knew that his days were numbered) and a well spent life. He was ready to answer the Master's call. While the man dies, such an example will live as a lesson to those who would tread the paths of virtue and rectitude.

Again regretting my inability to be present at your meeting, and thanking you for your kind invitation, I am yours truly, WALTER MEARES.

### SUNDAY SERVICES.

There will be services at St. Paul's Episcopal church to-day at 11 a. m. and 7 30 p. m., conducted by the rector, Rev. Joseph N. Starr. Seats are free and all are cordially invited.

Services in St. John's church to-day, 1st Sunday in Advent, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichal, at 11 a. m. and 4 30 p. m. Sunday school 3.30 p. m.

Services in reading room of Seamen's Home at 3 p. m. to-day, conducted by Rev. Dr. Carmichael. All marine men specially invited to attend.

St. James' church, first Sunday in Advent—11 a. m., the Litany, sermon, the Holy Communion; 5 p. m., Evening Prayer, missionary service and sermon. Sunday School at 3.45 p. m. The public cordially invited.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev K. Boldt pastor. First Sunday in Advent—German service at 11 a. m; English service at 7 30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Meeting of the Christian Association at 4.30 p. m. All seats free.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Geo. M. Tolson, minister in charge—11 a. m., Morning Prayer, Litany, Ante-Communion, Sermon; 7.30 p. m., Evening Prayer and service; 3 30 p. m., Sunday school; 8 p m, Monday, Brotherhood of St. Andrew; 7.30 p. m., Tuesday, Boys Brigade. Seats free and the public cordially invited to all the services Sunday.

**Mr. Currie and Bride.**

Mr. N. A. Currie, of Clarkton, was here yesterday with his bride, returning from a Northern tour. Mr. Currie is a rising young business man in his section and is well known in Wilmington.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Real Estate at Auction.**

ON THURSDAY NEXT, DEC. 2ND, AT 12 o'clock m., we will sell at our office, No. 120 Princess street in order to wind up an estate, the following mentioned and described property:

Two Houses and Lot, 66x165 situated upon block 289
One House and Lot, 33x165, situated upon block 289
Two Houses and Lots, 88x165, situated upon block 188
Two Houses and Lots 66x109 situated upon block 45
Two Houses and Lots, 60x75 situated upon block 35
Five Lots or parts of Lots situated upon block 328

Terms Cash, pure aser to pay for deeds.
For further particulars apply to
CRONLY & MORRIS, Auctioneers.
Nov 23th, 1897. nov 24 4t

OPERA HOUSE,

Monday Evening, Nov. 29, 1897.

The eminent actor

**Lewis Morrison,**

will appear in his original creation, "Mephisto," as played by him over 3,000 times in the scenic and electrical success,

FAUST.

no 26 3t

**HOLIDAY GOODS.**

5,000 C. C. Nuts.
1,500 Pounds Mixed Nuts.
150 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
100 Boxes Loose Raisins.
200 Boxes Firecrackers.
400 Bags Peanuts.
100 Boxes Old Va. Cheroots.
240 Boxes Perfecto Cigars.
20 Barrels Apples.

**W. B. COOPER.**

Wholesale Grocer,

nov 28 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Seasonable and Reasonable.

Cleaned Currants,
Seeded Raisins, Citron,
Mixed Nuts, Walnuts,
Brazils, Pecans,
Filberts, Almonds.
One price, spot cash.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

B. F. KING, Manager,

Bell Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
no 27 tf

Look Here!

Geese, Turkeys, Chickens,

Pretzels, Saratoga Chips,

Poultry Seasoning. Cut price on

FINE NORTON YAM POTATOES.

Just received a fine lot Mountain Cabbages.

**S. W. Sanders,**

At the Unlucky Corner.

nov 17 tf

**Vollers & Hashagen,**

Agents for Armour & Company, Chicago, Packers. Product sold on market prices of the day. You therefore buy on Rock Bottom—no middle profit.

We respectfully ask your orders.

**Vollers & Hashagen,**

Also agents for Powell, Smith & Company, New York.

We Sell "Renown" Cigars,
Cuban Cigars,
Smokettes,
Topical Twist Head.
Union League Club

The Cigars Notoriously Best on the market, and smokers these days demand value for

5c Cigars.

Warehouse and office A. C. Line tracks, Nutt street, near depot.

nov 28 tf

STOP AND LOOK

—IN—

OUR WINDOW.

MERCER & EVANS,

no 27 tf 115 Princess Street.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call. Respectfully,

de 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.**

COMPANIONS—There will be a special Convocation Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, Nov. 30, for work in the Royal Arch degree.

By order of the High Priest.

W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.

no 27 1t

**First Class Organist**

DESIRES A POSITION. GUARANTEES good service. If in need of good music and instruction, address P. O. BOX 407, CITY.

Communications desired.

nov 26 6t no 28 30 de 2 5 7 9

**Printer Wanted.**

A steady and intelligent young printer who wishes to complete his trade may secure a position as Two Thirder by applying at the STAR OFFICE.

no 26 3t

# The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, Nov. 28, 1897


## "A TEMPORARY EXPEDIENT."

Some of the Northern journals profess to believe that there is a pretty fair prospect for currency reform when that matter is presented to Congress, but there are few of the more thoughtful of them which believe that this reform will amount to much. The most assertive so called reformers insist that there can be no genuine reform without getting rid of the Government notes, thus putting the "endless chain" out of the way, but there are very few which have given this demand serious consideration that believe there is the remotest probability of this demand being complied with, and some of them give very good reasons for declining to believe it. Among these is the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, which in a recent article discussing this subject notes some of the impediments in the way and among them the following:

"It so happens that most of the things needed to be accomplished through a revision of our currency system are the products of Republican legislation during the period of our civil war. This fact lies at the root of much of the indifference or covert opposition to currency reform that exhibits itself among those whose election pledges warrant us in expecting a quite another attitude; and it is the most subtile, if not the most influential, obstacle with which the reform has to contend.

"To men of strong partisan prejudices, to those who cherish a jealous pride in their party's record, and to an influential though now small class who contributed to the creation of our present currency and banking systems, it may easily seem repugnant and humiliating to lend their support in undoing much of this legislation. To expect such a retraction of historic measures is to presuppose a higher ascendency of prudence over party passion than commonly exists among political leaders or in the rank and file of parties. So strong is the ascendency of partisan pride that, at first sight, it seems utterly visionary to expect the Republican party to retract or modify most of the financial legislation adopted during the nation's greatest crisis. The lawmaking of the sixties is surrounded with a halo of patriotism, which, to a certain class, it would seem sacrilegious to touch with the innovating hand of reform."

There are numerous other reasons some of which are enumerated in this article, but this one presents obstacle enough to prevent the retiring of the Government notes. In discussing the prospects of retiring them we have taken practically the same view of it, and have assigned this same reason among others why we did not consider it practicable. We have characterized these notes, but especially the greenbacks, as the progeny of Republican statesmanship and have contended that Republican statesmen would shrink from virtually branding them a monstrosity and decreeing their destruction. They even now, amidst the clamor from some for their destruction, take a certain amount of pride in what the paper from which we quote calls a "temporary expedient," which although originally intended to be temporary has stuck for thirty-five years and has performed all the functions of money without ever having been rejected or questioned by the millions of people who have handled them, save the small number whose business it is to deal in money as a commodity and make their profits by trading in it, and by these only when they saw a prospect of profiting by raising a cry against this improvised currency.

But if there were a disposition shown by Congressmen to listen to the demand for the retiring of the greenbacks they would hear a howl from the people which would bring them to a halt before they had got a good start, for the people have become accustomed to this money, which they regard as money in every sense and have learned to look upon, as represented by so many Republican statesmen, as "the best money the world ever saw." It constitutes something over one fourth of our volume of currency, and it is a money that can neither be expanded nor contracted by the banks. They may get possession of it sometimes and lock it up for speculative purposes when the want gold, but they can't keep it locked up.

In all the schemes so far offered for currency reform there has been no suggestion of a substitute for these notes which would be acceptable to the people, for the only substitute suggested has been national bank notes based on interest-bearing gold bonds, a proposition that the people as a mass would revolt against, for they have no idea of saddling themselves with hundreds of millions more of debt upon which they would be required to pay interest when they have for thirty-five years had these many millions of greenbacks, and for some years millions of Treasury notes, which answered all the purposes of money and upon which they pay no interest, and which will be finally redeemed only when it suits the pleasure and convenience of the Government to redeem them, if that time should ever come, of which there is as yet no indication.

Possibly if the State bank tax were repealed, and this were followed by the establishment of State banks which would supply the requisite volume of currency, the people might lose interest in the Government notes and consent to have them gradually retired, provided it could be done without borrowing money to do it, as is proposed now, but even this is doubtful. One thing may be accepted as a certainty, and that is that the people will never consent to have these notes called in and destroyed until ample provision is made for a supply of notes that will not cost the Government any more. But this is one of the things that the currency reformers who want to have those notes retired are opposed to and will fight out, and thus they will be fighting to prevent the consummation of the end for which they are contending. They want currency reform which will put the volume of the currency absolutely in the control of a small number of professional money manipulators and lenders, and put it in their power to regulate the volume so that they could fix the interest rates as to ensure them the desired profits, regardless of the business interests of the country or of the masses of the people who, although they may have little occasion to deal with banks or to borrow money, are dependent for their prosperity and welfare on the ease with which money can be borrowed by business men and those operating and contemplating enterprises. The people have a pretty well grounded belief that this movement to retire the Government notes is inspired by the money power, which under pretence of patriotism and "sound financial policy" is looking to its own interest, and while the people belive this, there are very few statesmen who will be willing to collide with them and take the chance of being relegated to private life by advocating a measure to which the people are opposed. The greenbacks may be, as the *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* correctly styles them, "a temporary expedient," but they are an expedient that very few statesmen, under present conditions, will venture to tackle.

## MINOR MENTION.

Judging from the reported interview with Senator Pritchard in Washington, Friday, he is pretty level-headed on some things. He is level-headed in favoring a change of methods in the civil service as far as the examinations are concerned, which are simply farcical, and have as little practical utility in testing the fitness of applicants for Government positions as a catechising on the teachings of Confucius. Six out eight of the questions asked have no possible relation or bearing upon the duties of the applicants, and seem to have been thrown together merely as curiosities or to puzzle the applicants. The questions should be of a practical character, and should apply directly to the duties to which the applicant is to be assigned. He is level-headed as to the needs of better banking facilities in the South, and in favoring the extending of bank currency. But it remains to be seen how he proposes to do this. If he will advocate the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issues of State banks, he will show himself quite level headed. But we have little hope that he will do this. He is also level-headed in favoring a reduction of the tax on whiskey, for the increased tax has not only proved a failure as a revenue producer, but has absolutely caused a decrease in the revenue, as was at the time predicted by some, and stimulated moonshining and blockading, which was also predicted. More revenue would come from a lower tax. If the higher tax resulted in a reduction of the quantity of whiskey made, it might commend itself to the advocates of prohibition, but as it doesn't, but rather increases the quantity made and sold by offering a temptation to the moonshiners and blockaders, it commends itself neither to the revenue seeker nor to the prohibitionist.

* * *

The trade reports for the past week show no improvement on the reports for the week before, or for the week before that. The yellow fever scare is over, but there is little perceptible improvement in the South, attributed, no doubt correctly, to the low price of cotton. The only section showing anything like activity is the Northwest, where the people are reaping the benefits of higher priced wheat, but even that is not as great as anticipated. The dullness is not confined to cotton goods, but extends to woollens, in which considerable activity at this season of the year might naturally be looked for. The improvement in the demand for goods in the West is caused by the demand for seasonable clothing, but this does not extend to other sections of the country. Competition from Southern mills is one of the causes assigned for the depression in the cotton manufacturing industry of the East and the consequent low price of cotton, but this is not a true cause for competition from Southern mills does not decrease the demand for cotton goods. It simply compels the Eastern manufacturer to sell at a closer margin, that's all. The real cause of the depression is the scarcity of money and the inability of the people to buy as freely as they would if times were better and money more plentiful, which conditions prevail only in the wheat growing sections of the West and there not to the extent represented by the "prosperity" trumpetting organs.

* * *

We published in Friday's STAR a tabulated statement from the New York *World*, showing how the pensions have grown and how they continue to grow. The following is clipped from the New York *Herald*, showing the same thing in a somewhat different, but not less striking way:

"At the end of June the number of pensioners on the roll lacked only 14,000 of being a round million. That even this figure will soon be exceeded is evident from the fact that about 200,000 claims were awaiting adjudication, of which it is estimated about one half would be finally admitted.

"When it is remembered that the entire population of the Northern States—men, women and children—at the outbreak of the war was about 26,000,000, the preposterous character of the pension roll of to day, thirty-two years after the declaration of peace, becomes apparent. One year after the close of the war this list amounted to 126,000. In ten years it had grown to 234,000, in 1889—a quarter of a century after the war had ended—it had swollen to nearly half a million, and in the past eight years this has been doubled.

"The figures are simply stunning. The fees for examining surgeons and expenses of dispensing the moneys have amounted to seventy-two million dollars, and the pensions distributed reach the astounding total of more than 3,107 millions of dollars. As we get further away from the period of the war the pension list, instead of dwindling, is increased in a geometrical ratio. The fifteen millions of 1866 has grown to one hundred and forty millions to 1898, and is still swelling. As to the means by which fifty thousand pensioners a year are being added to the rolls, they are only too well known."

There isn't much use in Southern papers or in Southern Representatives in Congress discussing this question and (aside from the fact that they are adding some striking proof of the enormity of this pension outrage on the country) there isn't much use in the independent, non-partisan press of the North discussing it either, for there are very few statesmen or politicians on the other side of the line who have the nerve to tackle that monstrosity.

George Walker, chief cashier of the treasury in Santiago, Chili, has walked off with between $250,000 and $500,000. He failed to leave his address, and they are very anxious to communicate with him.

## CURRENT COMMENT

—Republicans are calling attention to the fact that during the months of August and September our exports to the countries that protested against the Dingley tariff have not fallen off, but have actually increased. The increase is readily explained by the extraordinary demand for breadstuffs abroad, but that fact is not mentioned by Republicans.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—The Republicans are rejoicing over the election of Henry S. Boutelle, their candidate for congress in the Sixth Illinois District, at the special election held on Tuesday to fill a vacancy. His plurality was 853, his majority 144. But last year the Republican candidate was elected by a plurality of 6,579 and a majority of 6,310. Is this year's tight squeeze a victory to boast of?—*New York World, (Gold) Dem.*

—It is much easier for General Blanco to invite the sugar planters in Cuba to resume operations than for the planters to comply. Already seven of those who took General Blanco's invitation to mean protection and began to operate their plantations have had their crops destroyed by General Gomez, and the chances are that this insurgent general will do likewise with the others.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind*

—The President has pardoned another embezzling bank cashier, this time a man who had stolen $50,000 had received a five years' penitentiary sentence. The forger and embezzler are more dangerous to society than the burglar, and their crimes, if on a large scale, cause more misery than assassinations. The President would better be careful about extending pardon to a class of men who are all too hard to convict at the hands of the sternest and most incorruptible courts.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem*

## APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 28. Sunday 1st in Advent, M P—Zion, Bunyan, Beaufort county. E P—S Peter's, Washington.

November 29, Monday, E P—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

November 30, Tuesday, Communion—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

December 2, Thursday, E P—S Martin's, Hamilton.

December 3, Friday, Communion—S Martin's, Hamilton.

December 5 Sunday second in Advent, M P—S Mary's, Gatesville.

December 5, Sunday 2d in Advent, E P—S Peter's, Gates county.

December 8, Wednesday, E P—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.

December 9, Thursday, Communion—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.

December 9 Thursday, E P—S John's, Winton.

December 10, Friday, Communion—S John's, Winton.

December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, M P—Grace, Woodville.

December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, E P—S Mark's, Roxobel.

December 16, Thursday, E P—S Thomas, Windsor.

December 17, Friday, Communion—S Thomas, Windsor.

December 19, Sunday 4th in Advent—Holy Innocents, Avoca.

December 25, Saturday, Christmas, M P—Advent, Williamston.

December 26, Sunday after Christmas—Grace, Plymouth.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechised whenever practicable.


### Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action, and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Goldsboro *Headlight*: We are reliably informed that Dr. John B. Person, physician at the Roanoke State Farm, has been summarily dismissed for criminal conduct toward the female (colored) convicts and has returned to his home at Fremont.

—Goldsboro *Argus*: The announcement Wednesday of the killing of Mr John Ballance, a revenue officer, by moonshiners, near Kenly, Monday night previous, was in error. Our informant was in the revenue service, and we had no reason to doubt the information.

—Greenville *Weekly*: In Falkland township, at a corn shucking last week, a white man named Edwards filled up on liquor and laid down in the shucks. Next morning he was found dead. He was lying face downwards, and it is not known of which he died, cold, suffocation or liquor.

—Fayetteville *Observer*: Many of our readers will be sorry to hear of the death of Mr. Jno. H. Coble, of Laurinburg, which occurred Sunday morning at Huntersville, N. C., where he had recently gone to accept a good position in a cotton mill. He was sick of typoid fever but two weeks Mr. Coble taught last year in the Charlotte Military Institute, and was thinking of entering the ministry. He was a son of the late J. H. Coble, well known and much beloved in Fayetteville Presbytery.

—Charlotte *Observer*: Mr. Arthur Stancill, of Morning Star township, was in the city yesterday, but friends who knew him from boyhood would have passed him on the street without a nod of recognition. Mr. Stancill was born with red hair and was known as a red-headed boy and man. His hair is now a pronounced black, streaked with gray. He had an attack of typhoid fever and his red hair was shaved off and his scalp blistered by the doctors. When he recovered his hair grew out black, and later became streaked with gray.

—Smithfield *Herald*: More wheat has been sowed in Johnston county during the past few weeks than in many years. Cotton will be given the "go by" next year. —Wild turkeys are numerous this season. We have heard several hunters remark of the great number that can be found in the low lands near here. —Boston Sanders, a colored man, living on the land of Mr. Willis H. Sanders, of the Preston section, shows what a colored man can do who farms diligently. This year, with one mule, he made 20 bales of cotton, 40 barrels of corn and 200 bushels of potatoes. He will also kill about 1,000 pounds of pork.

—Lincoln *Journal*: About three months ago a physician administered a hypodermic injection of morphine to Mrs. R. F. Beal to relieve pain. The point at which the needle entered her arm became inflamed and the arm swelled enormously. She has suffered from it intensely ever since, and her condition has been alarming. —Mr. Bill Boyd, of Maiden, made 810 pounds of seed cotton this year on a measured half acre of land. Five years ago this very land was considered worn out and worthless, but Mr. Boyd's fine farming has made it one of the most productive farms in this section. —Revenue officers spent two days raiding in this county this week and report a "water haul." The moonshiners have become exceedingly wary and the sow-paw business is exceedingly dull in consequence of the numerous recent destruction of plants by the raiders. —Dr. Gus Smith, of Iron ton, is in one respect a most remarkable man. He is about 35 years old and was never known to drink a drop of water or to eat a bite of supper. He eats heartily at breakfast and dinner and drinks milk. There is a young man in Cleveland county who is hairless. He has a standing offer of $10 for every hair that can be found upon him from the crown of his head to the sole of his feet.

## TWINKLINGS.

—Funeral Director (to gentleman)—"Are you one of the mourners?"

Gentleman—"Yes; he owed me $500."—*New York Tribune.*

—"You will probably take in the races?"

"No," said the melancholy man. "The races are more likely to take me in."—*Washington Star.*

—He—"The worst of cycling is that it brings one in contact with all kinds of people."

She (thinking of her bruises)—"I certainly does. Especially the first week or so."—*Tid-Bits.*

—Minister—"I once performed three wedding ceremonies in twelve minutes."

Miss Saylor—"That was at the rate of fifteen knots an hour."—*Jewish Messenger.*

—Seedy Caller—"Is Mr. Specie in?"

Office Boy—"No, he ain't in, and he won't be back for a month; but if you wanted anything of him I can refuse it ter yer just as well as him, and save you callin' again."

—From a Paris paper we take the following conversation in a police court: The President—"It appears from your record that you have been thirty-seven times convicted."

The Prisoner—(sententitiously)—"Man is not perfect."—*London Globe*

—"I can't understand why Jermyn and his wife don't get along well together. She was his typewriter for years before he married her, and they surely ought to have known whether they were suited to each other or not." "My dear sir, a shoe never pinches until after you put it on."

—Just as Good—Deacon Johnson—"Would be able to support mah daughter in de style to which she hab been accustomed?"

Jim Jackson—"Wal, I ain't dead certain about dat; but I feel quite sure I could git her 'customed to de style I'd be able to support her in."—*Puck*


### The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## THANKSGIVING HYMN.

WILL CARLETON.

We thank Thee, O Father, for all that is bright—
The gleam of the day and the stars of the night,
The flowers of our youth and the fruits of our prime,
And blessings that march down the pathway of time.

We thank Thee, O Father, for all that is dear—
The sob of the tempest, the flow of the tear;
For never in blindness, and never in vain,
Thy mercy permitted a sorrow or pain.

We thank Thee, O Father, for song and for feast—
The harvest that glowed and the wealth that increased;
For never a blessing encompassed earth's child,
But Thou in Thy mercy looked downward and smiled.

We thank Thee, O Father of all, for the power
Of aiding each other in life's darkest hour;
The generous heart and the bountiful hand,
And all the soul helps that sad souls understand.

We thank Thee, O Father, for days yet to be—
For hopes that our future will call us to Thee—
That all our eternity form, through Thy love,
One Thanksgiving Day in the mansion above.

## SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

—Put the wicked in office, and the devil will rule the town.

—Only the man who looks away from himself has ideas.

—The man dies well who dies with the consciousness that he has done his best.

—The man who thinks his sin will never find him out has deceived himself.

—Not to give cheerfully when we give to God is to take all the value out of the gift.

—It depends on who does the preaching as to whether the devil sleeps in church.

—All desire after worldly objects and pleasures of this life is poor of proportionate unfaithfulness to God and departure from him.

—You picture to yourself the beauty of bravery and steadiastness. And then some little wretched, disagreeable duty comes which is your martyrdom, the lamp for your oil; and if you do not do it, your oil is spilled.—*Phillips Brooks.*

—Troubles in churces are almost invariably brought about by members who are lacking in spirituality, are cold, inconsistent and indifferent to their Christian duties. Pious, working church members have no heart to come down from their noble work, to create discord and trouble in churches.

—Church-member, ask yourself, "If every member of my church does as I do, what would be the result?" Another question ask yourself: "Can I claim exemptions which would be ruinous to the church if all so claimed?" These two questions, rightly answered, might enable certain church-members to amend their lives.

## HE SAW IT AT LAST.

An Englishman Who Heard a Joke Here and Laughed In London.

There have been so many stories told about the average Englishman's inability to see the point of an American joke that it doesn't seem as if anything new in illustration of his density could be mentioned. But here is a good local story, which will be appreciated at least by those who know the parties.

A genuine Britisher was in the city some time ago, the guest of a prominent citizen. The latter was bent on entertaining his visitor with the best that was going, and in honor of the close of his visit gave a little banquet at the Hollenden.

Everything was of the nicest, and the party enjoyed itself hugely. When the evening's festivities were under full headway, the honored guest happened to notice the china. It was of English manufacture, and each piece was marked with an "H" for Hollenden. It gave the visitor a text for a few characteristic Anglo-Saxon remarks.

"You're a bloomin country," he said, "but so young an 'elpless. Why, everything we 'ave in old England is superior, don't you know, to what you chaps produce. You cawn't compete with the mother country, you know. Why, you even 'ave to come to us for the very chinyware that covers this table. That's right, by Jove! It's queensware."

"Yes," said one of the diners, with a delicious drawl, "and you'll notice it's sprinkled with the 'Hs' you Englishmen have dropped over here."

A smile ran around the table, in which the honored guest did not join. It was lost material on him.

Not quite.

About a month after this feast the Clevelander received a letter from his friend, who had returned home.

"Say," the letter read, "that was a deuced clever joke your friend got off on me at the supper—the one about the 'Hs,' you remember. Do you know, I laughed like everything at that when I came to think it over in London. It was awfully good."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## OXFORD BIBLE PAPER.

Only Three Persons Who Know the Secret of Its Making.

The paper making of Oxford Bibles is a specially important and interesting part of the work. At Wolvercote, a mile or two out of Oxford, the university has a large mill for the supply of its own requirements. A good deal of the paper they turn out here is made of old ships' sails, the material of which, after battling with storms in all quarters of the world, comes here for the purpose of being made into paper, printed in almost every language under heaven and bound up into volumes, to be again scattered far and wide into all the uttermost ends of the earth.

This Wolvercote paper has much to do with the great reputation that Oxford has acquired in the production of Bibles and other devotional books. Twenty years ago and more the management here hit on a valuable invention in paper making, and ever since their "India paper" has been the envy and puzzle of manufacturers all over the kingdom. There are said to be only three persons living who know the secret of its make, and, though the process has never been legally protected and all the world is free to imitate the extremely thin but thoroughly opaque and wonderfully strong and durable paper of the best Oxford Bibles, if they only know how, all the world has hitherto quite failed to do so.

It is thin as tissue, but perfectly opaque, and so strong that a strip of 18 inches wide has proved to be able of sustaining a quarter of a hundredweight. Over 160 works and editions are now printed on this paper. This special advantage has very largely helped Oxford to retain the leading position which it originally gained by being nearly the first, if not quite the first, printer of books in the kingdom, and by the prestige of its name.—Chambers' Journal.

Whatever the number of orders, no beer ever leaves the best German breweries until it has been standing for at least three months.

A London physician has announced the discovery that hard cider is a sure cure for rheumatism.


Nervous people find relief by enriching their blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the one true blood purifier and nerve tonic. †

### BABY'S SMOOTH, FAIR SKIN

A Grateful Mother Writes this Letter—Tells all about Her Troubles when Baby Broke out with Scrofula Sores.

"At the age of two months, my baby began to have sores break out on his right cheek. We used all the external applications that we could think or hear of, to no avail. The sores spread all over one side of his face. We consulted a physician and tried his medicine, and in a week the sore was gone. But to my surprise in two weeks more another scrofulous looking sore appeared on baby's arm. It grew worse and worse, and when he was three months old, I began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla. I also took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before the first bottle was finished, the sores were well and have never returned. He is now four years old, but he has never had any sign of those scrofulous sores since he was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I feel very grateful. My boy owes his good health and smooth, fair skin to this great medicine." MRS. S. S. WROTEN, Farmington, Delaware. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

## A Complete and Varied

STOCK OF

Drugs, Druggists' Sundries,

CHEMICALS,

Proprietary Medicines,

Seeds for the Season, Etc., Etc

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

no 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

## Horses and Mules

25 Head of Horses.

25 Head of Mules.

Just received.

Call and examine. You will certainly find one to please you. Don't buy until you have seen this fresh new lot of fine stock.

F. T. MILLS,

nov 25 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

### Englishmen Are Good Entertainers.

The more London entertains, the bigger and happier it grows and the better the entertainers are liked. Since the days of Robin Hood Englishmen have appeared best at table. There are banqueting halls of all ages and sizes in every part of London. The proper place for a boar's head or an enemy's flag was always in the dining hall. No better use could possibly be made of a captured vessel than to turn the best part of it into a dining table, and probably the most that is left of the Spanish fleet now ornaments the main hall in the Inner Temple.—C. D. Gibson in Scribner's.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## Wholesale Prices Current.

Fine quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2 ℔ Jute | | @ | 6¾ |
| Standard | | @ | 7½ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ℔ ℔ | 12 | @ | 14 |
| Sides ℔ ℔ | 6 | @ | 7½ |
| Shoulders ℔ ℔ | 6 | @ | 7½ |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ℔ ℔ | | @ | 5¼ |
| Shoulders ℔ ℔ | | @ | 5¼ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| New New York, each | | @ | 1 80 |
| New City, each | | @ | 1 30 |
| BEESWAX ℔ ℔ | | @ | 22 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington ℔ M | 5 00 | @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina ℔ ℔ | 10 | @ | 16 |
| Northern | 18 | @ | 26 |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per Bushel, in sacks | 44 | @ | 45 |
| Virginia Meal | 41 | @ | 45 |
| COTTON TIES—℔ bundle | | @ | 85 |
| CANDLES—℔ ℔ | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 8 | @ | 10 |
| CHEESE—℔ ℔ | | | |
| Northern Factory | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Dairy, Cream | | @ | 11 |
| State | | @ | 10 |
| COFFEE—℔ ℔ | | | |
| Laguyra | 20 | @ | |
| Rio | 8 | @ | 10½ |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard | | @ | 5½ |
| Yarns, ℔ bunch | 18 | @ | 20 |
| EGGS—℔ dozen | | @ | 17 |
| FISH— | | | |
| Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel | 20 00 | @ | 25 00 |
| Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel | 11 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel | 16 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel | 12 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ℔ barrel | 3 75 | @ | 4 00 |
| Mullets, ℔ pork barrel | | @ | 7 00 |
| N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ℔ ℔ | 5 | @ | 10 |
| " Extra | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| FLOUR—℔ barrel— | | | |
| Low grade | | @ | 3 75 |
| Choice | | @ | 4 15 |
| Straight | | @ | 5 10 |
| First Patent | 5 25 | @ | 5 60 |
| GLUE—℔ ℔ | 7½ | @ | 8½ |
| GRAIN—℔ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bags—White, | | @ | 45 |
| Car load, in bags—White, | | @ | 44 |
| Oats, from store | | @ | 33 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | | @ | 40 |
| Cow Peas | | @ | 50 |
| HIDES, ℔ ℔— | | | |
| Green | | @ | 6 |
| Dry | | @ | 8 |
| HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s— | | | |
| Clover Hay | 80 | @ | 85 |
| Rice Straw | | @ | 50 |
| Eastern | | @ | 90 |
| Western | | @ | 85 |
| North River | 70 | @ | 75 |
| HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔ | 1½ | @ | 2 |
| LARD, ℔ ℔— | | | |
| Northern | 5½ | @ | 6 |
| North Carolina | 6 | @ | 10 |
| LIME, ℔ barrel | 1 15 | @ | 1 35 |
| LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet— | | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Rough-edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 16 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, assorted | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, common | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ℔ gallon— | | | |
| Barbadoes, " in hhds | | @ | 26 |
| " " in bbls | | @ | 28 |
| Porto Rico, in hhds | | @ | 26 |
| " " in bbls | | @ | 28 |
| Sugar-House, in hhds | 13 | @ | 14 |
| " " in bbls | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in bbls | 13 | @ | 15 |
| NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis | | @ | 1 50 |
| PORK, ℔ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | | @ | 9 50 |
| Rump | | @ | 9 25 |
| Prime | | @ | 9 25 |
| ROPE, ℔ ℔ | 10 | @ | 28 |
| SALT, ℔ sack, Alum | | @ | 1 10 |
| Liverpool | | @ | 60 |
| Lisbon | | | |
| American | 40 | @ | 60 |
| On 196 ℔ Sacks | | @ | 40 |
| SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M | 5 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Common | 1 60 | @ | 2 25 |
| Cypress Saps | 3 50 | @ | 3 50 |
| SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grain'd | | @ | 5¼ |
| Standard A | | @ | 5¼ |
| White Ex. C | | @ | 4¾ |
| Extra C, Golden | | @ | 4¼ |
| C, Yellow | | @ | 3¾ |
| SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern | 5½ | @ | 6 |
| STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel | 8 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. Hogshead | | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping | | @ | 9 00 |
| Mill, Prime | | @ | 7 00 |
| Mill, Fair | 6 50 | @ | 6 50 |
| Common Mill | 4 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| Inferior to Ordinary | | @ | 3 00 |
| SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed | | | |
| ℔ M 6-20 heart | 7 50 | @ | 8 50 |
| Sap | 5 00 | @ | 6 00 |
| 5-20 Heart | 4 50 | @ | 5 00 |
| Sap | 4 00 | @ | 4 50 |
| 6-20 Heart | 6 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Sap | 5 00 | @ | 50 |
| TALLOW, ℔ ℔ | 5 | @ | 6 |
| WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern | 1 00 | @ | 1 00 |
| North Carolina | 1 00 | @ | 1 00 |
| WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed | 8 | @ | 15 |

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing firm at 30¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 29¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1 40 per barrel for Hard, 1 90 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm, $1 50, 1 55; tar steady, $1 10; crude turpentine quiet, $1 40, 2 00, 1.90.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 207 |
| Rosin | 734 |
| Tar | 381 |
| Crude Turpentine | 193 |

Receipts same day last year—95 casks spirits turpentine, 419 bbls rosin, 108 bbls tar, 118 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c for middling. Quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ordinary | 2 15-16 cts ℔ lb |
| Good Ordinary | 4¼ " " |
| Low Middling | 4 15-16 " " |
| Middling | 5¾ " " |
| Good Middling | 5¾ " " |

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—3 630 bales; same day last year, 1818.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1 15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5 50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

### FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27—Evening.—Money on call to-day was nominal at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾@486 for demand; 483@483½ for sixty days. Posted rates 483½@484 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 482¼. Silver certificates—not quoted. Government bonds firm; new fours, registered, 128; new fours, coupon, 128 fours, registered, 112¾; fours, coupon, 114; twos, registered, 98¼; fives, registered, 114; fives, coupon, 114. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 129, North Carolina fours 108

### NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 40@1 45 Spirits turpentine firm at 32½@33c

CHARLESTON, Nov. 27.—Spirits turpentine was quiet at 30c; sales 100 casks Rosin firm; sales 550 barrels; quotations: A, B, C, D $1 10, E $1 15, F $1 15, G $1 20, H $1 25, I $1 30, K $1 40, M $1 60, N $2 05, W G $2 30, W $2 70.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 27.—Spirits turpentine 30¾c bid; sales 998 casks; receipts 1,363 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 848 barrels; receipts 4,141 barrels.

### COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 27.—Cotton contracts opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 2 points under sensational reports to the effect that Lancashire operatives had refused to submit the question of wages to arbitration and that a general strike was threatened. As the Liverpool future market made a slight net gain, there was a disposition to believe that the labor situation in England had been misrepresented, and covering caused an advance of 3 to 5 points. The upward movement was checked by the *Chronicle's* statement that picking is still under way in some districts of the cotton belt, and that marketing is progressing rapidly. The average of 130 crop estimates made by cotton exchange members points to a total of 10,421 000 bales for the season of 1897-98. The market closed steady, net unchanged to an advance of 1 point, with sales of 63,100 bales. Port receipts estimated for the day 63 000 bales, against 60,215 last week and 49,816 last year; for the week 400 000, against 398 422 last week and 368,030 last year. At Memphis 4,003 bales, against 10 401 last year.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 5 13 16c.

Cotton futures closed firm; sales 63,100 bales; January 5 78, February 5 78, March 5 83, April 5 87, May 5 93 June 5 96 July 6 01, August 6 05, September 6 06, October 6 03, November 5 97, December 5 97.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 5 13-16c; middling gulf 6 1 16c; sales 18 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 71 bales; gross 4,501 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 1,649 bales; sales —— bales; sales to spinners 18 bales; stock (actual) 97 479 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 63 949 bales; exports to Great Britain 19 486 bales; to France 14,135 bales; to the Continent 33,586 bales; stock 954,415 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3,758 444 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,303,198 bales; exports to France 331 586 bales; exports to the Continent 984 869 bales.

Nov. 27.—Galveston, quiet at 5¾c, net receipts 14 884 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5¾, net receipts 3 989 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5⅝, net receipts —— bales. Boston, quiet at 5 9 16, net receipts 1,190 bales; Wilmington, steady at 5¾, net receipts 3,630 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 6 1-16, net receipts 648 bales; Savannah, steady at 5¾, net receipts 18 375 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5¼, net receipts 23,351 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5 8 16, net receipts 2 371 bales; Memphis, steady at 5¼, net receipts 4 003 bales; Augusta, steady at 5 7 16, net receipts 2 436 bales; Charleston, firm at 5 8 16, net receipts 1,876 bales.

### P

# AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

*I,* DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

*March 8, 1897.* Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

## Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.


### What Woman Owes to Society.

Woman stands as the sacred guardian of future homes and our nation's prosperity, and to her must we look for true reforms. To her standard must society come. Let her be sure to place it high and keep it pure and make it apply impartially to all people. Let her keep out those whom she knows fall short of her standard and never condone in the stronger sex what she condemns in the weaker. Let her think not to elevate society by hiding or condoning the evils which surround her on every side, but only by shutting out those whom she has found it impossible to raise to her standard. Then future generations will arise who will bless her for their heritage, instead of cursing her for their misery.—Dwight L. Moody in Ladies' Home Journal.


# Many Think!

When it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but the thrill of joy felt by every Mother when she clasps to her heart her babe proves the contrary. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother and should be avoided.

## "Mother's Friend"

So prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. Its use insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes childbirth easy and recovery more rapid.

Sent by express, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "To Expectant Mothers," mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

je 20 tf su fr we


### She Turned.

He saw her turn the corner and his eyes glistened.

But not with joy.

It was the corner of the leaf bearing page 228 that she had turned and the book was one of his favorites.

This sort of thing used to be called a pastel.—Indianapolis Journal.

There is a vacancy for a fire master in London at a salary of $4,500 a year, with pension, free house, coal, gas, medical attendance and other emoluments.

The land and waters of the Delaware and Maryland peninsula produce more table delicacies than any other region of equal area in the United States.


MEDICAL TREATMENT ON TRIAL

To Any Reliable Man.

Marvelous appliance and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, *without any advance payment*, by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, &c. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. scheme, no deception; no exposure. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N.Y.

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A Wheel You Can Depend Upon.

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.
203-205-207 S.Canal St., Chicago.

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FASHIONS CHANGE BUT POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.


### SLEEP.

A blessed ministrant to burdened life,
Of sweet relief from toil and care,
From poisoned shafts of greed and strife,
From treacherous minions of the air,
Which float above, around, within,
Well stored with mingled joy and grief,
And barbed arrow points of sin—
From these sleep gives a sweet relief.

And, though the moments quickly flee,
A wearied soul oft lives anew,
To meet and know, to feel and see
The false the stronger than the true.
Brief come the moments of sweet peace
At thought of vigils long and deep
In a sacred promise at release,
"The mystery of folded sleep."
—C. W. B. in Good Housekeeping.

## QUARRELED SIX CENTURIES.

**Treaty of Peace Between Two Families Brought to a Close Amid Mirth.**

It is seldom in this workaday age that one encounters a genuine family feud inherited from sire to son through no less than six centuries. Such a feud actually existed in the dominions of Queen Victoria until a short time ago, and its final settlement was brought about by the ingenuousness of a boy of 9.

The two leading Anglo-Irish families in Ireland have long been the Fitz-Geralds and the Butlers. From being comrades in arms of the invading Strongbow, they became by degrees rival barons and fierce contestants for the vice sovereignty of their adopted country. In the wars of the roses the Butlers sided with the red rose of Lancaster, the Fitz-Geralds with the white rose of York. Factions gathered around the two great houses, and the bitter feud brought forth death and bloodshed from as early as 1250 down to the Williamite wars. The Butlers, whose chief had obtained the dignity of earl of Ormonde, succeeded in crushing the power of the elder branch of the Fitz-Geralds, earls of Desmond. It is told of a warlike Desmond that while being borne prisoner on the locked shields of his feudal foe's clansmen the Butlers taunted him with the bitter words:

"Where is now the proud Fitz-Gerald?"

To which the indomitable earl answered:

"Fitz-Gerald is where he ought to be—on the necks of the Butlers."

This proud reply will give an idea of the intensity of the strife.

Now, it happened that her majesty's Irish viceroy gave a garden party in the viceregal lodge at Dublin, and thither were bidden by accident the Marquis of Ormonde, head of the Butler family (familiar to the Americans through his yachting interests), and the little duke of Leinster, boyish chieftain of the house of Fitz-Gerald. With the duke, who was not quite 9 years of age, came his widowed mother, one of the beautiful Duncombe sisters.

The Duchess of Leinster lost sight of her son for a pace, and in going to look for the lad found him engaged in earnest conversation with a tall, elderly gentleman, in whom she was surprised to recognize the Marquis of Ormonde. What was her horror when, on approaching nearer, she distinctly heard the youthful Geraldine remark in somewhat slangy phrase:

"Well, I suppose I ought to punch your head on account of the feud, but I say, you know, you're too jolly decent a chap for that. Can't we shake hands and call it square?"

With the utmost gravity Lord Ormonde grasped the small hand of his hereditary foe, and when the amused mother came to congratulate them on the happy settlement of 600 years of bitterness she found the young hopeful perched, like his famous ancestor, on the neck of the Butler.—Atlanta Constitution.

### Friendship's Test.

A certain young lady who is plentifully endowed with the choicest gifts of nature went to a bosom friend the other day and said:

"Marion, I do wish there was some way to find out who among the young men of my acquaintance are sincere and honest in what they say to me. They are all such flatterers that I never know when to believe what they tell me and when not to. I detest falsehood above everything, and it would please me greatly to know those among my friends who are really sincere."

"I will tell you a way," said Marion, who was a sensible, thoughtful little woman. "The next time you have a number of them calling upon you stand up and recite a dramatic poem for them and tell me what they say about it."

The young lady consented, and some time afterward, when five or six of her warmest admirers had gathered in her parlor, she offered to give them a recitation and did so.

She hadn't the slightest idea of elocution and no dramatic talent whatever, but she went through with it, and it was very, very bad, even for an amateur.

A few days later she met her friend, and she asked her how her effort was received.

"Oh," she said, "they were delighted with my recitation. Tom and Charlie and Dick and Harry were perfectly entranced. They said Sarah Bernhardt couldn't have equaled it."

"Did every one praise you?" asked her friend.

"All but Mr. Watson. He sat back in his chair and never applauded at all. After I had finished he told me that he was afraid my forte was not in the dramatic line."

"And now," said her friend, "you know who is sincere and who is not."

"Yes, indeed," said the fair girl. "Your test was a complete success. I'm going to begin studying for the stage right away, and I'll never speak to that odious Mr. Watson again."—Detroit Free Press.

### An Odious Comparison.

"I don't think there is any doubt about the Indians progressing in civilization" remarked the professor.

"I haven't had very extensive opportunities for observation," replied the prim lady, "but the fact that none of the Indians I ever saw was in the habit of expectorating on the floors of street cars or of using profanity in public leads me to think that they have got a very good start."—Washington Star.

## THE SMALLEST MEN.

CHARACTERISTICS AND ANTIQUITY OF AFRICAN PYGMIES.

**They Are Probably the Aborigines of the Dark Continent—Du Chaillu's Discovery In 1865—Queer Features of the Obongos of West Africa.**

The smallest race of mankind are the pygmies of Africa. They are probably, too, the oldest. They exist at the present time scattered throughout the forests of the Loango coast and thence northward beyond the equator. They haunt the forests of central Africa — the terrible fighters that did so much damage to Stanley and the Emin expedition. They lie hidden in the southern fastnesses of Abyssinia. They are the bushmen who skulk as wandering hordes in Griqualand, Namaqualand and Bechuanaland. They roam in the Kalahari desert. North of the Kalahari they dwell in the German possessions. Before the Dutch colonization in 1650 they possessed all the region from the cape to the Zambezi river and beyond.

The antiquity of the pygmies is shown by the allusions to them on ancient monuments and in literary works. There is a figure of a pygmy on one of the earliest of extant Egyptian monuments, dating probably as far back as 5,000 or 6,000 years. By his side is to be seen the inscription "Akka," the name still applied to one of the most numerous tribes of this race now existing in central Africa. An Egyptian inscription of 6,000 years ago records the facts about an exploring expedition that brought home a Denga dwar, noted for his dancing.

Du Chaillu's discovery in 1865 of pygmies in the region of the Ogowe river (west Africa) made a great stir in Europe when the story first came out. One hundred and forty miles south of the equator, and to the east of a southern tributary of the Ogowe, Du Chaillue in June, 1865, suddenly struck in the savage forest on a village of wild dwarf negroes, called Obongo. The village, whence on the approach of Du Chaillu's party all the inhabitants had fled, consisted of a cluster of extraordinary little huts, each of a low, oval shape, like that of a gypsy tent, about 4 feet wide, and the highest part about 4 feet from the ground. The huts were each made of the flexible branches of trees, arched over and fixed into the ground, the whole covered with large leaves. Inside these huts there were three or four sticks laid down at each end for the man and woman to sleep on, and in the middle of the earth floor smoldered the embers of a fire.

A little farther to the east Du Chaillu came on another village of the little folk. Not to alarm them, he made for their settlement on tiptoe, accompanied only by three of his men and two guides. In a retired nook of the forest he counted 12 huts of the same slight make as in the case of those already described. Yet the villagers had caught the alarm and every household was truly "not at home." Entering uninvited, Du Chaillu found the abodes very filthy, and the intrusive visitors were stung out of the place by swarms of fleas. Another quarter of a mile through the forest they approached a third village, and again with the utmost caution, the Ashango guides, moreover, dangling a bunch of beads before the eyes of the retreating Obongos. Their fears, though, were not to be allayed; they scampered off in a quaking hurry. But Du Chaillu managed to surprise three old women and one young man. One of the three bags, touched by the beauty of the beads he gave them and plucking up heart of grace, raied the runaway men, saying they were as frightened as squirrels that cried "Que! que!" and while so speaking she twisted her body in such odd contortions as to make our traveler's party all laugh outright. When, however, Du Chaillu proceeded to unroll his tape in order to measure the bold shrew, her fears returned to her. The unwinding tape was a mysterious snake she had never before clapped eyes on, and she trembled all over. Still, by magic of presents and flatteries, her nerves gradually calmed, and she at last let herself get measured—4 feet 4½ inches. The young man stood 4 feet 6 inches.

In color the Obongos are of a dirty yellow, lighter than the Ashango negroes amid whom they dwell; their eyes look restless and untamable. Their foreheads exceedingly low and narrow, cheekbones raised; legs short in proportion to the trunk; palms of the hands white. The hair of the head grows in short, curly tufts, in marked contrast to the bushy hair of the neighboring negroes, who dress their hair in a mass of plaits, a fashion impossible to the Obongos. The young man had on his legs and breast also an unusual growth of hair, distributed likewise in short, curly tufts. All accounts witnessed to thick tufts of hair growing on the legs and breasts of the Obongo men. Their clothing consists of pieces of wornout cloth, which they either buy or get from the Ashangos. Such rags, by way of cover to their nakedness, and a few bent sticks, by way of house, constitute their whole defense against the heavy rains and winds and storms of the year.

So shy in their intercourse with other people, the Obongos are yet brave hunters, and very skillful in the use of the bow and poisoned arrows, as also in trapping wild animals and catching fish, the surplus of which, fresh or dried, they barter with their neighbors for plantains, iron implements, etc. The woods around their villages are planted thick with traps and pitfalls, in which they catch not only smaller game, but also elephants, pythons, gorillas, etc. Buried in the almost impenetrable forests between the Ogowe and the Kongo, the Obongos shift their camp whenever game begins to grow scarce. Knowing nothing of tillage or pasture, they are a people of purest gentry that from ages immemorial have never done a hand's turn of work, unless only in noble sport.—London Globe.

### He Knew Too Much.

He was with a few friends, and this was among the reminiscences recalled for their benefit: "At that time I had seen the world and knew every wrinkle on its seamy side. I had won laurels on this side, brought criminals back from Europe and was then in the government secret service.

"While I was pretending to be a gentleman of means and leisure in Chicago, for the purpose of carrying out certain plans, I was called upon one afternoon by an honest looking German who was in need of money and offered a gold brick as security. I had a hard task to keep from laughing in his face, but his story was such a good one that I rather enjoyed it. He had staked out and still held two good mining claims. He was the possessor of a great fortune, but was unable to interest capital in this country, and was going home where men with money would have faith in what he said. He had worked day and night in accumulating the gold in the brick, and all he cared for was to realize enough on it to get to Germany. He professed utter ignorance of our ways and would be glad to sell his brick at any sacrifice that would not keep him away from home. Old a chicken as I was, I was half inclined to take the man at his word, but put the idea aside as unworthy of an old timer. The fellow beat me after all."

"No. How was that?"

"I didn't have the heart nor the time to arrest him, but sought to serve the ends of justice by sending him to a bank, though sure that he would never go there. But he did, and the brick was solid gold. I tell you, there's such a thing as being too smart."—Detroit Free Press.

### The Difference.

"When you see two men constantly together," observed the ready made philosopher, "it is safe to assume that they like each other."

Taking his cue from the philosopher's tone, the accomplished listener inquired:

"And how about two women?"

"In that case," responded the philosopher, with an appreciative smile, "you may know that they're afraid of each other."—Chicago Journal.

### Lazy.

"Frisbie is the laziest man I ever knew."

"What makes you think so?"

"He actually seems to be glad that he's getting baldheaded, so that he won't have to comb his hair any more."—Cleveland Leader.

In the celebrated case of Cauvin at Lyons the supposed murderer was tried no less than three times—sentenced to death twice and acquitted the third time.

### Unfair Caricature.

The French peasant, as described by the masters of the naturalistic school, is capable of both villainy and impropriety, but such writers, says Andre Theuriet, in "Rustic Life In France," have deliberately selected exceptional cases. Like most hard working people, the peasant, however imperfect his education, is sensible and sober and not without finer feelings.

After the war, during the gloomy days of the commune, I was walking sadly over one of the great, bare plains of Barrois. Above my head and not far from two peasants who were hoeing a lark warbled as he flew upward. One of the two men hoeing lifted his eyes and exclaimed, in a tone which touched me:

"Poor little lark, how he sings!"

This exclamation seemed to express a sort of melancholy surprise at hearing this bird's sweet song again after so many misfortunes.

Not only is the peasant susceptible to delicate emotions, but he is a poet in his way. If the provincial language is carefully studied, one is very much surprised and delighted to be constantly discovering ingenious, striking, glowing images.

If there is a fresh breeze blowing, the peasant will tell you that "the weather is gay." If it is muggy and cloudy, "the weather is sick." No poet is more ready than the peasant to personify inanimate objects. 'This land does not yield anything," said a farmer to me one day. "It is not grateful."

One day in Savoy I was looking at the mountains all white with the first fall of snow.

"Are they not beautiful, these mountains of ours?" said a serving maid to me as she passed by. "They will become still more so now that the sun is smiling on the snow."

The men who naturally invent such picturesque expressions have certainly nothing in common with the coarse creatures and brutes depicted by the superficial studies of the naturalistic school. The peasant is thoroughly sober and frugal. In the country those people who are in the habit of getting drunk or gormandizing are scorned.


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sep 25 tf

A NEW Colony Resort —AND— Sportsmen's Retreat,

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Twenty-Six Miles South of Weldon, on the Seaboard Air Line.

A first-class retreat for sportsmen has been opened up at Vaughan, N. C., located 26 miles South of Weldon, on the Seaboard Air Line. The enterprise will be under the management of Mr. E. C. Gerhard, whose successful experience in such matters, will enable him to take care of and to please those who may patronize him.

The hunting in this territory is excellent. Quail is found in abundance. Rabbits, Deer, Squirrel and Wild Turkeys are plentiful, and delightful hunts can be arranged with citizens who have trained dogs and hounds for this purpose. On the river, six or seven miles distant, Wild Geese and Ducks are found in large numbers during the winter season.

The Seaboard Air Line will grant special rates to huntsmen, and will carry their hunting dogs free of charge.

**Sportsmen Going South.**

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"The Seaboard Air Line, recognizing the desirability and importance of attracting sportsmen to its territory, has with its usual foresight and progressiveness, established a hunting lodge at Vaughan, one of the best hunting sections in North Carolina. The lodge promises to be patronized liberally."—*Portsmouth Star.*

no 24 tf

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sep 19 tf

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Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 8 20 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 26 p m, Pembroke 5 46 p m, Maxton 6 13 p m, Laurinburg 6 23 p m, Hamlet 6 43 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 30 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 58 p m, Rockingham 7 39 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 35 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 30 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 55 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 23 a m. Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 12 20 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8 30 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 06 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 55 a m, Wilmington 10 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m. Arrives Athens 8 16 p m, Monroe 9 20 p m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 15 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 9 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 3 10 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

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sep 22 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect November 28th, 1897.

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 9 Daily. |
|---|---|
| Leave Wilmington | 9 00 a m |
| Arrive Fayetteville | 12 10 p m |
| Leave Fayetteville | 12 22 " |
| Leave Fayetteville Junction | 12 27 " |
| Leave Sanford | 1 48 " |
| Leave Climax | 3 47 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 4 30 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 4 50 " |
| Leave Stokesdale | 5 17 " |
| Leave Walnut Cove | 5 47 " |
| Leave Rural Hall | 6 15 " |
| Arrive Mt Airy | 7 45 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 1. Daily. |
|---|---|
| Leave Mt Airy | 8 40 a m |
| Leave Rural Hall | 10 04 " |
| Leave Walnut Cove | 10 33 " |
| Leave Stokesdale | 11 06 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 11 55 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 12 15 p m |
| Leave Climax | 12 43 " |
| Leave Sanford | 3 35 " |
| Leave Fayetteville Junction | 3 56 " |
| Arrive Fayetteville | 4 00 " |
| Leave Fayetteville | 4 10 " |
| Arrive Wilmington | 7 30 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 4. Daily. |
|---|---|
| Leave Bennettsville | 8 00 a m |
| Arrive Maxton | 9 02 " |
| Leave Maxton | 9 07 " |
| Leave Red Springs | 9 25 " |
| Leave Hope Mills | 10 20 " |
| Arrive Fayetteville | 10 40 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No 3. Daily. |
|---|---|
| Leave Fayetteville | 4 50 p m |
| Leave Hope Mills | 5 07 " |
| Leave Red Springs | 5 43 " |
| Arrive Maxton | 6 11 " |
| Leave Maxton | 6 15 " |
| Arrive Bennettsville | 7 15 " |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 16 Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday. |
|---|---|
| Leave Rameur | 6 40 a m |
| Leave Climax | 8 25 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 9 17 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 9 35 " |
| Leave Stokesdale | 11 07 " |
| Arrive Madison | 11 55 " |

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday. |
|---|---|
| Leave Madison | 12 55 p m |
| Leave Stokesdale | 1 23 " |
| Arrive Greensboro | 2 45 " |
| Leave Greensboro | 3 15 " |
| Leave Climax | 4 25 " |
| Arrive Rameur | 6 10 " |

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railway.

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Wilmington for New York.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ONEIDA, | Saturday, | Nov. 27 |
| CROATAN, | Saturday, | Dec. 4 |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| CROATAN, | Tuesday, | Nov. 30 |
| ONEIDA, | Tuesday, | Dec. 7 |

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 28, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.30 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1 47 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 4. 3 p m Petersburg 6.28 p m, Richmond 7 15 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.30 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 9.[illegible] p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1 7 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 8. 0 a m, Richmond 4.10 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.09 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 9.12 p m, Columbia 10 05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.30 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 39—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.55 p m, †New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 1.00 p m, Wilson 2.32 p m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7 58 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.40 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 3.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.58 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 30 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 5 35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3 55 p m, Halifax 4.30 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 56 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 12a m, Weldon 11 38 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 3 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Wash

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, Nov. 28, 1897


## AUSTRIAN REICHSRATH.

**Continuation of Disorderly Proceedings Followed by Riotous Demonstrations on the Streets—A Number of Persons Injured.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, November 27.—The beer garden scenes in the lower house of the Reichsrath were continued to-day. When the president of the House, Dr. Abrahamovics, appeared, there was a chorus of "shame upon you" from the Leftists, accompanied by a deafening noise of whistles and slamming of desk-lids. Many of the Leftists gathered in front of the president's platform, shouting and blowing tin trumpets and flutes, while the president was ringing his bell for order. This scene lasted about a quarter of a hour, during which time the president quietly remained seated. Then he suspended the sitting.

After to-day's session the majority's parliamentary committee met and resolved to defer planning its course until the Government communicated its intention to the House.

Throughout the evening the police were obliged repeatedly to disperse the political crowds which gathered in the Ring-strasse between the Parliament houses and the University buildings. In front of the former a crowd numbering two thousand, principally students, assembled and hooted and groaned at the police, finally attacking the officers with stones. Eventually the police were ordered to clear the streets, which they did with drawn swords.

At Gratz, the capital of Styria, a band of students and other young men started to parade the streets, but were prevented by the police from carrying out their intention and compelled to disperse. Later in the evening a riotous crowd of working men assembled in the business quarter of the town and began to break windows and commit other excesses. Four companies of infantry and a squadron of cavalry were summoned to the scene of the disturbance. Upon arrival the infantry was assailed with a shower of stones and were compelled to fire upon the mob, killing one and wounding five of the rioters. Of the injured four are suffering from bayonet thrusts. Several police officers were also hurt. The disorder continued until shortly before midnight when the streets were cleared and a military patrol was established. Later reports from Gratz say that two civilians were killed and two others seriously wounded in the encounter between the soldiers and the mob, in which the infantry charged the mob with fixed bayonets.

BERLIN, November 27.—Dispatches which have been received here to day from members of the Austrian Reichsrath, say Emperor Francis Joseph intends to demand the resignation of Count Badeni, the Austrian Premier, to dissolve the Reichsrath and to order new elections.

A private dispatch received from Vienna says that Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), while being forcibly ejected from the lower house of the Reichsrath yesterday, was struck a severe blow by a Czech delegate.

## REVENUE COLLECTORS

**Must Observe Existing Rules Relative to Appointment of Deputies.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27.—Acting Commissioner Wilson, of the internal revenue service, has issued the following circular to all collectors of internal revenue:

"By direction of the honorary of the Secretary you are hereby notified that until otherwise ordered, existing rules relative to appointments of deputy collectors must be complied with. You will at once take steps necessary for compliance with this order, making your requisitions for certification for original appointments under civil service rule 8 or reinstatements under civil serve rule 9, through this office."

This rule, it is said, is not in conflict with the views hitherto held by the department with reference to the renewal or appointment of deputies by collectors. In the case of Collector Brady at Richmond, Va., the department held that a collector is not bound by the law to reappoint the deputies of his predecessor in office, and that vacancies thus made should be filled by appointments from the eligible lists furnished by the civil service commission, or by restorations. The collectors in some districts contended that they had a legal right to make their own selections for filling vacancies, but this view was not sustained by the department, except as to districts where no eligible list existed.

## THEODORE DURRANT'S CASE.

**He Will be Re-Sentenced As Soon as the Pending Controversy is Settled.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 27.—Acting Attorney General Carter has received word from Attorney General Fitzgerald to the effect that after the present legal quibbles have been decided he will advise warden Hale to carry out the execution of Theodore Durrant regardless of any new legal proceeding that may be instituted by Durrant's attorney.

Durrant will be resentenced as soon as the controversy now pending is settled, after which the Attorney General of the State believes no legal step can accomplish further delay in the proposed execution.

## AMERICANS IN CUBA.

**Consul General Lee Reports a Large Number Dependent Upon Charity.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 27.—Consul General Lee has made a report to the Secretary of State, in which he says there are 1,607 American citizens in Cuba dependent upon charitable assistance. They have been partly provided for out of the $50,000 appropriated by Congress. General Lee says that in making provision for the relief of these citizens more than $1,500 a week must be expended. He has drawn $25,000 of the sum appropriated, of which two drafts for $5,000 each were drawn this month. He expresses the opinion that a considerable time must elapse before the indigents will be self-sustaining.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus, reserve, decrease $847,325; loans, increase $14,097,400; specie, increase $500,800; legal tenders, increase $2,838,400; deposits, increase $16,744,100, circulation, increase $16,900. The banks now hold $22,560,025 in excess of the requirements of the 25 percent. rule.


**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## GULDENSUPPE MURDER.

**STATEMENT OF MARTIN THORN, THE ALLEGED MURDERER.**

**Declares That the Crime Was Planned and Accomplished By Mrs. Nack—She Forced Him to Help in Getting Rid of the Body—He Will Testify in Court Monday.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 27.—The following statement, signed by Martin Thorn, is published in an evening paper to-day:

"When I go on the stand Monday morning I will tell the true and complete story of the crime for which I am now being tried for my life. My lawyer has advised me to conceal nothing, and, with the help of God, I will not.

"Martin Thorn is just a man with vices and virtues like any other, and with the love of life just as strong within him as any of those who say he sinned because he loved an unworthy woman—loved and trusted and shielded her until he was in the very shadow of the electric chair; loved her until she swore away his existence to save her own, to save herself from the consequences of her own act—the killing of the man whom she said she feared, because of his knowledge of other crimes.

"Augusta Nack planned accomplished the murder of William Guldensuppe.

"When I got to the Woodside cottage that Saturday morning she met me at the door and said: 'I have got Guldensuppe up stairs. He is dead.'

"She had shot him in the face and stabbed him in the breast, she said. I was not in the house at the time, but in the doorway, and she was out of sight of the people on the street at the time, half-way up stairs. I knew nothing of her purpose that day. She had asked me to come to Woodside. I went there and when I arrived she told me that she had killed Guldensuppe and that all her trouble was over.

"For a long time I hardly knew what to do. Mrs. Nack asked me to help her cut the body up. I hesitated, but could not make up my mind.

"'You have got to help me get rid of it,' she said, 'or both of us will get into trouble. All you have got to do is to help.'

"At last I helped her to carry the body to the bath-tub. It was very heavy. Guldensuppe was dead. He was not breathing when we put him in the bath-tub. Mrs. Nack did the cutting while I held the body. First she cut the head off, then she took the saw and sawed the trunk in two and then the legs. She was afraid the saw would go through the wrong place in the body, but she finally got the right place.

"She mentioned at the time that it was a good thing that she knew something about surgery or else it would be impossible to get rid of the body properly. Before she cut the body up the clothes were taken off. Afterward the body was rolled up in the oil cloth and cloth that Mrs. Nack bought at Mrs. Riger's. Then we talked over plans to get rid of the body. She arranged for the surrey drive and the throwing away of the pieces. She gave me the money to hire the surrey. She gave me the money to hire the Woodside cottage, where she said she was to start a place to treat women who were in trouble and who wanted it kept quiet.

"After we threw the head into the river and disposed of pieces of the body as the papers have stated, she took Guldensuppe's clothes and burned them in a stove.

"It was nothing but my love for Mrs Nack that got me into all this trouble. I helped her to get rid of the dead body to shield her and to save her from being arrested.

"Everybody has lied about me in this case, principally because I have not talked or explained.

"They say I told Gotha that I killed Guldensuppe. It is a lie. I told him that Mrs. Nack killed him. They say I offered to confess to Captain O'Brien, so I could get free. That is another lie. I told Captain O'Brien something of a private nature that did not concern the case intimately. I give him permission to speak now. He will clear me.

"Now they say, too, that I threatened to murder Wm. Guldensuppe. Yes; I said I would kill him before he killed me. He almost killed me and threatened my life every time he mentioned my name to Mrs. Nack. Augusta told me so, and told me to look out and have a pistol to shoot him, but not in her house. She would get into trouble, she said. I thought she told me that because she loved me. I now know she feared Guldensuppe and wanted me to kill him so she would not suffer.

"Mrs. Nack told the jury that I committed the murder, in just the way she actually did it herself. She turned everything around. She reversed the whole story, accusing me of just what she did. She is afraid to go on the stand. Her lawyers will not allow her to go on and testify against me, because they know that I can prove her a liar; can prove that she herself killed Guldensuppe, because he knew of other crimes she had committed, and because she was afraid that Guldensuppe would kill her for having had anything to do with me.

"I can ask that woman questions that she cannot answer without showing conclusively that she has sworn to lies, and what is more I have witnesses to corroborate me.

[Signed] MARTIN THORN."

There is every probability that the case of Thorn will go to the jury not later than Wednesday next, and possibly Tuesday night. William F. Howe, Thorn's attorney, has promised to finish his side of the case on Monday. Taorn will testify in his own behalf and accuse Mrs. Nack of killing Guldensuppe. Other witnesses for the defence will probably be Mrs. Ziegler, of West Farms, of whom it is alleged Mrs. Nack, with Guldensuppe, wanted to hire a house, the negotiations failing because the house didn't have a sewer, and Herman Nack. Mrs. Nack's husband. It is a question whether Nack will be allowed to testify against his wife when she is put on trial for her life.

It is understood that after the defence closes Mrs. Nack will be called by the prosecution in rebuttal to repeat her confession and accuse Thorn of the murder. District Attorney Youngs did not want to put Mrs. Nack on the stand again because she made an unfavorable impression on the jury at the first trial, as she related the details of the horrible crime. If Mrs. Nack is called again as a witness for the State it will be because the district attorney is compelled to take this course to offset the statement of Thorn when he charges her with the killing.

When Thorn's fate has been decided Mrs. Nack's case will come up. It is generally supposed that she will be allowed to plead guilty either to murder in the second degree or manslaughter in the first degree. For murder in the second degree she would receive a sentence of imprisonment for life and for manslaughter in the second degree the extreme penalty is twenty years.

## FOURTH CLASS POSTMASTERS

**Appointments in North Carolina Made by the Department.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 27.—The following fourth class postmasters in North Carolina were appointed to-day:

Bandy, Jos S Bundy; Churchland, L F. Barnes; Coddle, B. W. Pressly; Millers Creek, Reuben F. Wyatt; Old Hundred, John W. Woodward; Paw Creek, T J. Saddler; Stewart, P R Cameron; Sammerville, Mrs. Cora C. Bryan; Wakefield, L W. Robertson; Winnie, Robert L. Bryan.

## LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

**GERMANY'S ATTITUDE TOWARDS CHINA AND HAYTI.**

**Formidable Demonstration to be Made in Chinese Waters—Hot Work Expected—Russia Assures a Free Hand to Germany—Warships Ordered to Port-au-Prince.**

[Copyright 1897 by the Associated Press.]

BERLIN, November 27.—The presence of Emperor William at Kiel upon the occasion of swearing in the naval recruits had the expected effect of clearing the situation, so far as Germany's attitude towards China and Hayti is concerned. Within two months a squadron of eight fine cruisers, having on board 3,500 men, will be assembled in Chinese waters, and the fact that Prince Henry of Prussia, a brother of his Majesty, is to command half this, leads probability to the reports current in government circles that hot work is expected, as Prince Henry's ambition for years past has been to win naval laurels. Furthermore, the correspondent here of the Associated Press has been told by gentlemen who were at Kiel upon the occasion referred to, that Emperor William, in conversation with Admiral von Knorr, commander-in-chief of the Imperial navy, and Prince Henry, made use of the expression: "We must forestall England."

This remark was made while the Emperor was enlarging on the situation in China and dwelling on the fact that the advantage gained by the quick action of the German naval forces in Kiao Chou Bay must be followed by an adequate strengthening of the squadron by the forces available.

In this connection the correspondent of the Associated Press learns that within three days of the receipt of the news of the murder of the German missionaries the Emperor, through the German Ambassadors at Vienna and St. Petersburg, made confidential inquiries as to whether Germany would be opposed in Chinese waters in case circumstances should render seizure of territory necessary. The replies obtained were wholly satisfactory. It was because of Russia's assurance that a free hand would be given Germany that Emperor William was so extraordinarily attentive to Prince Tonsky, commander of the Russian cruiser Vladmir-Monomach, which vessel was at Kiel upon the occasion of His Majesty's visit to that port.

The German newspapers are almost unanimous in demanding that Germany seize the present opportunity to obtain adequate and tangible compensation for her support of China in the peace negotiations with Japan in 1896.

In regard to the trouble between Germany and Hayti, the imperial warship Gefion will proceed there so soon as she can be fitted for sea, and will enforce the demands of Germany, backed up by the two German Government schoolships Gneisenau and Stein. Somewhat late, the German press now does justice to the assistance received in this matter through the intervention of the United States Minister at Port-au-Prince.

The semi-official *Hamburger Correspondent* says: "It is certain that if the United States, at the critical time, had assumed an unfriendly attitude the situation would have become more dangerous. The mere fact of its geographical situation shows that America's influence is paramount at Port au Prince. The appearance in this instance of an American fleet would have sufficed to intensify Hayti's opposition to Germany's demands, as the Haytians would have seen therein an indirect assurance of support."

## JAPAN AND HAWAII.

**No Progress Made in Negotiations Concerning the Emigrant Indemnity Affair.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HONOLULU, November 20, VIA SAN FRANCISCO November 27.—Advices received to day from Japan state that no progress has been made in the negotiations about the emigrant affair, owing to the fact that Hawaii sticks invariably to the policy of procrastination in the hope it is claimed, of transferring the responsibility of paying the compensation to the United States but not affecting the proposed annexation. At this juncture another difficulty has sprung up. A certain immigrant company in Honolulu has unlawfully appropriated the deposits of the emigrants, and Minister Shimamura attempted to bring the matter before that tribunal. The company, greatly astonished at the attitude of the minister, threatened to disclose all the weak points of Japan in the negotiations at issue should the minister insist on carrying out the plan to the bitter end.

Under these circumstances, the current trouble is at present in a state of suspense. While matters stand in this way in Hawaii, the relations of Japan with the United States have become more friendly and the latter is inclined to advise the Hawaiian Government to pay the indemnity at once to Japan if it really desires the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. Before long instructions will be dispatched to that effect to Minister Sewall at this place. In fact the Hawaiian government may be induced to accept the proposal of the United States and pay the damages, as a heavy expense will be incurred in leaving the dispute to arbitration. Should this turn out to be a fact, the Hawaii affair will be settled earlier than expected.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The officials here know nothing of any intention on the part of the Government to advise Hawaii to pay immediately to Japan, without waiting on arbitration, the sum of money claimed by Japan on account of the turning back from Honolulu of Japanese laborers last Spring.

When shown the Honolulu dispatch concerning the progress of the negotiations between Hawaii and Japan, Minister Hatch, of the former country, to-night said that he had no advices confirmatory of any part of it.

## HYDROPHOBIA'S VICTIM.

**A Missouri Farmer, Who Died Without the Usual Horrible Suffering.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, November 27.—Ernest Eggsieker, a farmer, died from hydrophobia at the Baptist sanitarium today. He was bitten by a dog in September. His death was in direct contradiction to the popular impression that death by hydrophobia is always attended with horrible sufferings. The patient was rational at all times, drank water freely, but did not froth at the mouth nor bark like a dog, and did not suffer. His one attendant was more for company than for medical service.

Ashland, Va., 17 miles north of Richmond, reports having experienced an earthquake shock at 3:56 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The vibration was very distinct, and lasted about five seconds.


MOTHERS PRAISE Hood's Sarsaparilla because, by its great blood enriching qualities it gives rosy cheeks and vigorous appetites to pale and puny children.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic and liver medicine. Price 25c.†


## THE CUBAN QUESTION.

**A Stormy Time Expected in the United States Senate When Congress Convenes—The Views of Senators.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 27.—Despatches to the *World* from many leading members of the United States Senate indicate stormy times over Cuba as soon as the Senate meets, a week from to-morrow. Nearly a score of Senators are reputed to have already written resolutions favoring either intervention by the United States or immediate recognition of Cuban belligerency.

Senator William E. Mason, of Illinois, says: 'I am a Republican and I believe in carrying out the promises of my party. We promised to interfere to stop the war and give independence to Cuba. Anything less than that is worse than bad faith on our part."

Senator Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, says: "Congress owes it to civilization to recognize the independence of Cuba."

Senator Jacob H. Gallinger, of New Hampshire says: "I favor giving Cuba the rights of belligerency, but will not introduce any resolution. My impression is that the Senate will act on its own responsibility."

Senator Henry M. Teller, of Colorado, says: "We in the Senate have done all that is necessary. We have passed a resolution granting belligerent rights to the Cubans. I do not say that we have done all that we should do, but that we have done all that we can do. I believe the House would pass our resolution by an overwhelming majority if it got a chance to do so, but I do not suppose they will get a chance to vote for it. I consider our treatment of the Cuban question cowardly and the meanest thing we have done in years."

S D. McEnery, of Louisiana, says: "I fear the speedy passage of the Senate resolution recognizing the belligerent rights of the Cubans."

Senator Richard R Kenny, of Delaware, says: "I shall favor such action as will most speedily end the war and make Cuba free. Should the President recommend non interference, in my judgment, it would not stay action."

Senator Jeter C Pritchard, of North Carolina, says: "I am in favor of giving belligerent rights, but am not prepared to say I favor absolute independence. I do not understand that the President will urge non-intervention."

Senator John McLaurin, of South Carolina, says: 'Congress should recognize that a state of war exists in Cuba."

Senator Lucien Baker, of Kansas, says: "I am in favor of Cuban independence, first, last and all the time."

Senator Samuel Pasco, of Florida, says: "I shall continue to favor all proper action to restore peace and give independence to Cuba."

Senator A. O. Bacon, of Georgia, says: "I would be glad to see Cuba free, and so far as is consistent with public duty and national interest will co-operate in the support of such measures as will best promote that end."

Senator W. A. Harris, of Kansas, says: "I am in favor of belligerent rights for the Cubans."

Senator F. M. Cockrell, of Missouri, says: "My belief has been that we should grant belligerent rights to the Cuban insurgents."

Senator Lee Mantle, of Montana, says: "In my judgment the Senate should at least recognize the belligerent rights of the Cubans without delay. As conditions now exist there, I would send a United States man-of-war to the harbor of Havana to guarantee the rights of American citizens and to compel due respect for the American flag on all occasions."

## CUBAN INSURGENTS.

**Successful Raids on Towns in Pinar Del Rio and Havana Provinces—The Spanish Scheme of Autonomy.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, November 27, VIA KEY WEST, FLA., November 27.—On the night of November 23d a band of insurgents entered the town of Santa Maria del Rosario, Havana province, and under cover of darkness, remained three hours, during which time they plundered one store. At sunrise the invaders retired and took a position upon the neighboring heights. A sergeant of the garrison and twelve privates, while reconnoitering, came upon the enemy and were met with a volley of musketry, resulting in the wounding of the sergeant and three privates.

A portion of the insurgent column commanded by Colonel Gayo, led by Captain Blanco, recently raided Paso Viejo, a suburb of Pinar del Rio City. Favored by darkness the raiders succeeded in passing the guards and entering the place, where they sacked three stores. They retired at 4 o'clock in the morning, taking with them considerable booty. The official account of the affair says that Ramon Valesquez, his wife and their two months' old babe were macheted by the insurgents, and that they also killed Carlos Arango, who had acted as guide for the Spanish General Godor.

Preparations were recently begun upon the plantation India, belonging to Casuosa Bros., at Duran, Havana province, for the grinding of sugar cane. While the hands were hauling some machinery several dynamite bombs placed along the way over which the goods were to be transported exploded, wrecking the machinery.

The scheme of autonomy is looked upon with favor by some of the Cuban autonomists, though by many it is argued that the 35 per cent. margin of protection to Spanish products should be reduced to 10 per cent., in accordance with the views of the Autonomist party. Several of the leaders of the party, however, think that the new policy of the government will result in great difficulty for the inhabitants of the island, and may ruin Cuba, which will be unable to pay its part of the public debt and the war and navy expenses. When peace is restored it will be impossible, they declare, to establish new taxes, and it is believed that a new public loan will have to be floated, as the treasury is in debt to the extent of $60,000,000.

## RELEASED AT LAST.

**The Steamer Laurada, Long in Custody On the Charge of Filibustering.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, DEL., November 27—The steamer Laurada, which has been held by the United States Government on the charge that she had carried a filibustering expedition to Cuba, was released to-day. This step was taken by the Government after United States Senator Grey, counsel for the owners of the vessel, had entered a bond of $4,000 and paid $2,500 to cover the costs. Thomas J. Nolan, of Philadelphia, will enter the famous vessel in the Klondike trade.

## WARM WIRELETS

The differences between Nicaragua and Costa Rica, which threatened to involve the two republics in war have, it is reported, been amicably adjusted.

Hicks Price, negro, charged with rape was taken from jail at Starks, Fla., by about one hundred men and hanged to a limb of a tree. About fifty shots were fired into his body.

A dispatch from Lagos, West Africa, says the report of a collision between British and French troops near Nikki, is unfounded. The French expedition from Porto Novo has reached Nikki without any trouble.

## RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

**Internal Revenue Raiders—Three Large Stills Captured—Populist Executive Committee—Cock Fight at Littleton—Judge Purrell.**

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., November 27.

Deputy Collector J. J. Daniel and Clerk Walker, of the Internal Revenue Department, made one of the most successful raids of the season last night at Ringwood, near Littleton. Three large stills, practically new, were captured, in addition to 3,000 gallons of beer and other material. The stills were operated by one person.

Chairman Fountain, of the Populist Executive Committee, says no demand has been made by any committeman for an early meeting. Mr. Fountain says he does not know of a desire on the part of any Populist to have the committee meet soon. Otho Wilson and other Populists who oppose Butler in the committee have stated the opposite of this.

A big cock fight at Littleton resulted disastrously to several Raleigh sports. Littleton won four fights out of five. A large delegation from Raleigh was present. No effort was made to stop the fight.

Mr. John G. Williams, son of the president of the old State National Bank, is to be married Tuesday morning in Atlanta, Ga., to Miss Hayden. Mr. Williams is engaged in the practice of law in Washington, D. C.

Judge Purnell returned from Richmond, Va., this evening, where he has been sitting with the Court of Appeals with Judges Goff and Brawley. The docket was exhausted. The opinions of the court will not be rendered until February. Several important cases from this State were heard. Judge Purnel will resume court in Wilmington next week.

Mr. F. S. Spruill, the assistant district attorney of this district, is suffering with rheumatism of the heart. His condition is very serious.

## RED SPRINGS NOTES.

**Baptist Association of Robeson County—A Popular Pastor—Female Seminary—The Hotel Furnishes Dogs and Guides for Hunters.**

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RED SPRINGS, N. C., Nov. 26, 1897.

I send you some notes from our progressive town.

Robeson Association met here Sunday morning and continued till Thursday evening. Over one hundred delegates were present. This county has forty-one Baptist churches and about 6,000 members.

Rev. J. D. Moore is the popular young pastor of the Baptist church here.

A beautiful deer-head, mounted by a skilled taxidermist, is one of the new ornaments to the hotel office. L H Lyon, proprietor, killed the deer about a year ago in the Adirondack mountains of New York, and sent one of the hind-quarters to ex-President Harrison.

The hotel employs P. E Bragg to kill game, train dogs for hunting, and guide hunters. This gives hunters a nice chance to have pleasure and benefit at small cost.

Red Springs High School has enrolled over sixty pupils.

The enrollment at the Seminary is now about one hundred and sixty, with eighty in the music department.


**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †


## BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

**Household** Goods at private sale daily from 10 to 3 o'clock. Macumber's alley. Miss S. E. Heins. nov 28 2t*

**Country** Merchants—You will find it to your interest to ship your Produce, Poultry, Eggs, etc., to H. J. Bierman, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

**As a special** the Atlantic Tea Co. will sell this week the best Old Government Java for 33c, and the best Laguayra Coffee for 23c per pound. Call and see them at 618 North Fourth street, nov 28 tf

**Agents** Wanted—The Brooklyn Life Insurance Company of New York, a regular company of thirty years standing, during which time it has paid out hundreds of thousands of dollars to beneficiaries in the State of North Carolina alone, is about to re-open an agency force in that State. This is an excellent chance for a Managing General Agent, also for District Special Agents; men of good repute and experience should apply with full particulars to Brooklyn Life Insurance Company, 51 Liberty street, New York city, nov 27 2t

**Wanted**—By Old Established House—High Grade Woman, good Church standing, willing to learn our business, then to act as Manager and State Correspondent here. Salary $960. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. no 25 3t

**Haydon, P. H.,** has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

**Dr. N. M.** Culbreth, Dentist, 9 North Front street, over Polvogt store. Will endeavor to give entire satisfaction to those who will favor me with their patronage. nov 21 1w

**Turkeys,** Chickens, Geese and Ducks, alive and dressed, at L. Tate Bowden's, 6 Princess street. Also Peas of all kinds.

**In** case you need Bananas, Fine Peaches, Malaga and Catawba Grapes, don't hesitate a moment as to where they can be bought to best advantage. Go to Andrew Mavroulchols', 785 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 346; Inter-State 191. nov 14 tf

**Had** that Suit made yet, neighbor? No! Well, call to see me and get some figures. Don't think of buying until you have seen the large and complete stock of E. Poesolt & Bro., No. 8 South Front street. nov 14 tf

**Wanted** at once—A position as governess to small children, or as mother's aid. Companion to an infirm or elderly lady. Terms moderate. References good. Address, S. 'A G, Carrier 5, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31 tf

**Costs** you nothing to see the Maxim light. Cheaper and better than the Welsbach or Sunlight. What more do you want? Wilmington Iron Works sell it. nov 10 1m

**Merchants**—Wholesale and country merchants save time and money by letting me parch your Peanuts. New process by which large quantities can be roasted at one time. Samples sent if required. A. E. Blake, Wilmington, N. C. nov 7 tf

**Photographs**—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

**Black-eye** and Cow Peas, Chickens, Eggs. Don't handle everything, but solicit consignments of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. oc 28 tf

**W. V. Hardin,** corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style. Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

**Always** Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

**Hay**—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf


**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS**

**A War With Turkey**

Can be avoided this week by coming to our Store and preparing for the fray with a set of our fine Carvers. Our "Russell" Cutlery is made from the best high grade steel, and can slice the toughest gobbler. We have also in stock fine pocket and table cutlery, Scissors, Shears, etc., by the leading makers of this and foreign countries.

Our lines of Hardware, Tinware, Granite Teaware, Heating and Cooking Stoves are complete in each department, at prices that will catch the closest buyers.

**J. W. Murchison,**

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

no 21 tf

**THANKSGIVING BELLS**

Will soon be ringing now. So will the turkeys necks be wringing! We will have in stock the best that is wring! We never yet have rung in a tough turkey or chicken on our patrons! Invite the belles to dinner and we'll ring in the tu keys! Choice, juicy, fat and tempting, for which you will all return thanks to us.

**I. B. RHODES,**

no 23 tf Front Street Market.

**EASY SIGN MARKERS.**

Metal Body Rubber Type,

Solid Rubber Type,

LINEN MARKERS,
TIME STAMPS,
SEVEN YEAR DATERS,
AIR CUSHION BAND DATERS,
STAMP PADS, all colors;
INDELIBLE INK.

Anything you want in the Stamp line.

**Wilmington Stamp Works,**

Wilmington, N. C.

Bell Phone 240.

We have a small Printing Press for sale at half price. no 17 tf

**We Started Out**

By selling Ice to the trade only, but we cannot respect the

WISHES OF THE PUBLIC.

We have decided therefore to furnish

**Pure Crystal Ice,**

delivered AT YOUR DOOR at the rate of 40 cents per hundred pounds in lots of 5 pounds and upward.

We can make it to your advantage to give us a share of your trade.

Respectfully,

**The Wilmington Brewing Association.**

☞ Get Ice tickets from the wagon or at its factory, corner of Dock and Water streets. no 17 tf

**"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"**

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. The Hermitalge, Prado, Uffizi, Pitti, Louvre, Vatican, National of London, National of Berlin, Belvidere and other celebrated European galleries have placed their greatest and rarest treasures at our disposal that they might be engraved for this superb work. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman should secure the agency here at once," says every editor, "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Nearly $10,000 expended on new plates for edition coming from press. Also a man or woman of good church standing can secure position of Manager and Correspondent of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. no 25 tf

**Liverpool and American SALT.**

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

**Bagging and Ties,**

which we offer at lowest market prices.

**Groceries**

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

**Hall & Pearsall,**

Nutt and Mulberry streets,

au 10 D&W tf

**FOR RENT.**

STORE ON MARKET BE tween Front and Water.

Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock.

Store on North Water street between Princess and Chesnut.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.

no 10 tf

**Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R**

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
Superintendent.

sep 25 1

**J. A. SPRINGER & CO**

**IF YOU WANT GOOD COAL.**

If you want clean well prepared Coal.

If you want first-class service.

If you want to buy fuel of a concern that always tries to please.

If you want to trade with dealers who appreciate your business.

If you want to deal with a firm that always has the goods on hand.

If you want straight goods at straight prices and be treated right on four sides, then send your orders to the old stand.

**J A Springer & Co**

no 14 tf

**A. D. BROWN,**

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

**No. 29 North Front St.**

"ONE PRICE TO ALL" has been our motto since 1885, and we attribute our success to the unswerving adherance to it. We will not break price for any one. Some times we have goods that stay too long with us and then we cut the price and offer them to every one at GREAT SACRIFICE.

**A Few Specialties.**

Crash Towelling worth 5 cents at 3 cents per yard.
Novelty Dress Goods worth 50 cents at 40 cents per yard.
Drap Ete Dress Goods worth $1.25 at $1.00 per yard.
New line Percales at 12½ cents per yard.

**Christmas Goods.**

Dolls, Dolls, Dolls, Bric-a-Brac, Neckwear, Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, Parasols and Umbrellas. Call and see our line.

**This Week**

Gentlemen's heavy Grey Underwear worth $1 50, only 98c each.
Gentlemen's All Wool (light weight) Underwear in Ecru worth $1 25, only 98c each.
Ladies' light weight Vests and Pants, only 98c each.
Ladies' non shrinking Vests and Pants, Grey, only 98c each.
A good Cotton Carpet, yard wide, for 25 cents per yard.
Union Carpeting 35 cents per yard.
A good Brussels Carpet for 55 cents per yard. no 27 tf

**DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY GOODS AT**

**The C. W. Polvogt Co.**

DOLLS. In Wax, Washable Cloth, Indestructable, dressed and undressed, 25c to $3.00.

CELLULOID GOODS. Collar and Cuff Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Jewelry Boxes, Necktie Boxes, Powder Boxes.

FANCY CROCKERY. Cologne Bottles, Vases, Ice Cream Sets, Sugar Dishes, Tete a Tete Sets, Tea Pots, Jewel Boxes, Ornaments.

CARPETS AND RUGS. Full assortment of Moquet Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets made and laid, Rugs in Moquet, Brussels and Smyrna. Do not purchase an Art Square until you see our line.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WRAPS. Plush, Cloth and Astracan Capes. Jackets in Cloth and Astracan, all new styles. Children's Jackets and Infants' Long Cloaks.

Remember that all our Wraps are NEW!

Wear W. B. CORSETS and use Standard Patterns. We are sole agents for them both.

Write for samples and Fashion Sheets. nov 28 tf

**FOR YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER!**

Good Coal and a well roasted turkey are inseparable. You get your turkey and order the high grade, well screened BANNER or CALEDONIA COAL from our yard, and we will guarantee that if he is as tuff a gobbler as ever strutted through a barn yard Banner or Caledonia Coal will bake him tender. For sale by

**Wm. E. Worth & Co.**

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

Campbell and Second street, Dock between Front and Water. no 21 tf

**Cold Weather Novelties.**

**Blankets and Comforts.**

Double Blankets ..... 45c and up
Extra Heavy Gray Blankets ..... 98c
Red Blankets ..... $1.25, 1.75 and 2.50
All Wool $5.00 Blankets ..... $3.75
$6.50 Blankets, our price ..... $4.98
Comforters ..... 39, 45, 75 and 95c
$3.00 Grade, only ..... $1.48
$5.00 Down Comforters ..... $3.50

**Capes and Cloaks.**

Capes with Braid ..... 57c
Better quality ..... 75 and 98c
Double Capes with Braid and Fur Trimmings. Our Price ..... $1.50
Astragan and Plush Capes ..... $2.50
$5.00 Capes latest styles ..... $3.50
$10.00 Capes, our price ..... $6.50

**Overcoats and Suits.**

Men's Overcoats ..... $1.75
Black Cheviot Overcoats ..... $2.75
$8.00 Velvet Collar Coats ..... $5.00
$12.50 Overcoat ..... $8.50
All Wool Business Suits ..... $5.03
$1.50 Boys' Suits ..... $1.00
$2.00 Suits, our price ..... $1.10

**Underwear.**

Heavy Undershirts ..... 35c
Extra Heavy Undershirts ..... 50c
Fleeced Lined Undershirts ..... 50c
$1.00 quality Red and Gray Flannel Underwear ..... 75c
Ladies' Undervests ..... 15 and 25c
25c quality ..... 50c
Children's Vests ..... 10c and upwards.

Dry Bargains in Cloaks—Infants' Cloaks 50, 75c and $1.48.
Greater Bargains in Shoes, all sizes. Also, in Carpets,